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EXTENSIBLE FIGURE WHEELED TOY
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The present invention relates to a toy, and more particularly to a toy in the form of an animal or insect having a life-like movement when it is operated.

In carrying out the invention I provide a lazytong structure mounted on wheels and which may support a suitable covering simulating an animal or insect, for example, and which lazytong structure is actuated to extended and retracted positions as it is moved over a surface, thereby producing a life-like movement.

Other objects and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the following description, reference being had to the accompanying drawings wherein—

Fig. 1 is a view in perspective of a toy embodying the invention;

Fig. 2 is a side view in elevation of the toy with the cover thereof removed, the view being on a larger scale than the toy shown in Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 is a top view of the structure shown in Fig. 2; and

Fig. 4 is a view of a toy similar to Fig. 2, but showing the lazytong structure in a retracted position.

In the form of the invention shown, the toy has the appearance of a rabbit, although it is to be understood that any suitable appearance may be used to simulate various other animals or insects. The toy comprises in general, a lazytong structure, indicated generally at 11, which structure is formed by two sets of lazytongs 9 and 10, each disposed in a plane spaced from and parallel to the plane of the other. The lazytong sets are formed by links 12, which may be of wood or metal, as desired, and which links, with one exception, are pivoted together at their centers by pivot pins 13 and the ends thereof by pins 14.

The lazytong structure is supported for movement over a flat surface, such as a floor for example, by two sets of wheels 17 and 18, which sets are located near opposite ends of the structure. The wheels 17, which are preferably relatively large, are mounted on and non-rotatively connected to an axle 20 that extends through and forms the central pivot for two crossing links of the lazytongs 9 and 10, and which axle also includes a crank 21 formed therein intermediate the two wheels 17. Preferably, the wheels 17 are spaced from each adjacent set of lazytongs by spacers 22, respectively. I prefer that the wheels 17 be mounted on the lazytongs at least one and one-half links from the end of the lazytongs, as shown in the drawings.

The wheels 18 are mounted on an axle 25, the end portions of which axle extend through ends of two links 12 in each set of lazytongs to form a pivotal connection between the lazytong links. Preferably, the wheels 18 are considerably smaller than wheels 17 and they may be mounted eccentrically, and in that event they would cause a rising and falling motion as the lazytongs moves over the surface.

The lazytong structure is adapted to be extended, as shown in Fig. 2, and retracted as shown in Fig. 4, as the structure is drawn over the floor. In the present form of the invention this is accomplished by providing a link 30 connected at one end to crank 21 and at the opposite end to a rod 32 which extends between the two sets of lazytongs. Preferably, the end portions of rod 32 form the pivots for the end joints of two links 12 in each set of lazytongs. Spacers 33 are provided between the link 30 and each set of lazytongs for retaining the link 30 in the central position, as shown in Fig. 3.

Although the toy may be power driven, in the present embodiment of the invention it is adapted to be pulled by a cord, not shown, tied to a wire yoke 15, the ends of which yoke are secured to the spacers 22.

It will be apparent that as the lazytong structure is pulled across a surface the wheels 17 are rotated and they cause the crank 21 to actuate the link 30, and the action of the link causes extension and retraction of the lazytong structure during each rotation of the crank. By locating the axle 20 intermediate the ends of the lazytong structure, the portion of the structure forwardly of the axle will extend forwardly at time the portion of the structure to the rear of the axle moves rearwardly and when the forward portion moves rearwardly toward the axle the rear portion moves forwardly toward the axle. Thus, a life-like movement is imparted to the lazytong structure, suggestive of the movements of a rabbit or a worm, for example. By enclosing this structure by a suitable covering imitation of an animal or an insect, for example, a novel and interesting toy is provided.

Other forms of the invention may be adopted, all falling within the scope of the claims which follow.

I claim:

1. A toy simulating a ground traveling creature comprising, a horizontally extendable lazytong structure adapted to be substantially enclosed by a covering representing a creature, leading ground wheels mounted adjacent to the forward end of
the lazytong structure, ground wheels at the trailing end of the structure whereby the structure is supported by said wheels for rolling movement over the ground and is free to elongate and contract parallel with the ground as it moves along the latter, a crank driven by the leading wheels, and a link connecting the crank and the lazytong structure at a point intermediate the leading wheels and the trailing end of the lazytong structure whereby the latter is extended and retracted by rotation of the leading wheels.

A toy comprising a ground traveling creature comprising a horizontally extendable lazytong structure adapted to be substantially enclosed by a covering representing a creature, leading ground wheels mounted adjacent to the forward end of the lazytong structure and located at least one joint removed from the end thereof, ground wheels at the trailing end of the structure whereby the structure is supported by said wheels for rolling movement over the ground and is free to elongate and contract parallel with the ground as it moves along the latter, a crank driven by the leading wheel, and a link connecting the crank and the lazytong structure short of the trailing end of the structure whereby the latter is extended and retracted by rotation of the leading wheels.

A toy comprising a ground traveling creature comprising a horizontally extendable lazytong structure adapted to be substantially enclosed by a covering representing a creature, leading ground wheels mounted adjacent to the forward end of the lazytong structure and located at least one joint removed from the end thereof, ground wheels at the trailing end of the structure whereby the structure is supported by said wheels for rolling movement over the ground and is free to elongate and contract parallel with the ground as it moves along the latter, a crank driven by the leading wheel, and a link connecting the crank and the lazytong structure short of the trailing end of the structure whereby the latter is extended and retracted by rotation of the leading wheels.

The following references are of record in the file of this patent:

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