SMASH GOLF RACQUET

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ABSTRACT
A smash golf racquet comprises a frame having a handle proximate end and a bowed distal end that forms a rim with tensioned ball striking strings strung within and attached to the rim. A shaft is attached at a first end to the distal end of the handle and attached to a second end at a golf club head.
SMASH GOLF RACQUET

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

[0001] This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application Ser. No. 62/036,918, filed Aug. 13, 2014, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

FIELD OF TECHNOLOGY

[0002] The present disclosure relates to the field of racquet sports, and in particular to a hybrid racquet that includes a golf club head affixed thereto.

RELATED ART

[0003] The number of active golfers has been decreasing for several years now. On April 18, 2014 the New York Times (NYT) published an article entitled “In a Hole, Golf Considers Digging a Wider One”. See http://www.nytimes.com/2014/04/19/sports/golfin-a-hole-golf-considers-digging-a-wider-one.html?r

[0004] This NYT article reports that golf has lost five million players in the last decade, according to the National Golf Foundation, with 20 percent of the existing 25 million golfers apt to quit in the next few years. The article further reports that people under 35 have especially spurned the game, saying it takes too long to play, is too difficult to learn and has too many restrictive rules. As a result, golf course operators are considering various different ways to create a slightly different version of the game of golf that people can play on golf courses as an alternative to the traditional game of golf.

[0005] One alternative version is to simply increase the size of the golf holes, for example to a 15-inch diameter. As reported in the NYT article, the larger cup may be used by golfers using a conventional golf ball and clubs, and even players playing soccer golf. However, a problem with this version is that it requires the placement of a second hole on the putting green, which is significantly bigger and inconsistent with the holes used by conventional golfers. A problem with soccer golf, also referred to as foot golf, is people taking divots out of green with their feet when shooting for the foot golf pin, which greatly troubles traditional golfers. See for example the article entitled “Red card! FootGolfers May Need a Golf Course Etiquette Lesson” at http://www.golfadvisor.com/articles/footgolf/golf-course-etiquette-14496.htm.

[0006] There is a need for a piece of sports equipment that allows a non-golfer to utilize a golf course.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] A smash golf racquet comprises a frame having a handle proximate end and a bowed distal end that forms a rim with tensioned ball striking strings strung within and attached to the rim. A shaft is attached at a first end to the distal end of the handle and attached to a second end at a golf club head.

[0008] A smash golf racquet comprises a frame having a handle proximate end and a bowed distal end that forms a rim with tensioned ball striking strings strung within and attached to the rim. A golf club head is attached to the handle.

[0009] The shaft may be telescope and/or may be removable and replaceable with respect to the handle.

[0010] These and other objects, features and advantages of the invention will become apparent in light of the detailed description of the embodiment thereof, as illustrated in the accompanying drawings.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0011] The foregoing and other features of embodiments will become more apparent from the following detailed description of embodiments when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings. In the drawings, like or identical reference numerals refer to like or identical elements.

[0012] FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a smash golf racquet.

[0013] FIG. 2 is a front view of the smash golf racquet of FIG. 1; and

[0014] FIG. 3 is a side view of the smash golf racquet of FIGS. 1 and 2.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0015] FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a smash golf racquet 10. The racquet includes a frame 12 having a handle 14 and a rim 15 that includes a bowed section 16. Ball-striking strings 18 are strung within the rim periphery and attached to the rim 15 of the frame. The rim is that portion of the racquet adapted to support the ball-striking strings 16. The supported strings form a tensioned string grid for striking a ball. The strings may be synthetic (e.g., nylon), and may be made of synthetic threads spun together to produce a string that is strong yet flexible. These strings are very elastic so they deform when contacting a ball but quickly resume their normal length. This transfers energy to the ball, causing the ball to spring off the racquet face. The characteristics of the strings and how they are strung may be adjusted based upon the desired racquet characteristics.

[0016] In one embodiment the handle, the ball-striking strings and the rim may be configured and arranged as a conventional tennis racquet. At the handle 14, a grip 20 is preferably formed as a spiral wound member, generally of leather or elastomer with similar characteristics, to insure preferred gripability of the racquet by a player. The grip is generally of a softer material than the frame for comfort of the player.

[0017] A shaft 22 extends from the handle 14, and at a distal end of the shaft 22 a golf club head 24 is attached. The golf club head may be any golf club head shape, but in a preferred embodiment the head is configured as a putter head, as shown in FIG. 1. The putter head 24 includes a face surface 26 for striking a ball (not shown). The shaft 22 may be a fixed length (e.g., several inches long) or adjustable length (e.g., telescopically adjustable). The shaft 22 may also be removable and replaceable with respect to the handle 14. For example, the handle may include a central bore that receives a length of the shaft. It is contemplated that various configurations of the bore and the shaft may be used to provide the removable and replaceable shaft. For example, the shaft may be held within the bore with sufficient magnetic and/or frictional forces for use, but the shaft may be removed by the user from bore without the need for any hand tools. This would allow the user to use the racquet for tennis, without the shaft 22 being attached to the handle 14, thus providing for a dual sport racquet.

[0018] In one embodiment the bore within the handle may include a metallic receiver with a hexagonal cross section mounted within the bore. The metallic receiver may be mag-
netized to cooperate with the shaft, which is also preferably
cooperatively magnetized with respect to the metallic
receiver. The shaft may include a stub portion (e.g., about one
inch long) at its distal end having a hexagonal cross section
sized to securely fit within the metallic receiver. The cross
section of the metallic receiver and the stub portion may be
other hexagonal. A person of ordinary skill will immediately
appreciate after reading this disclosure that numerous other
techniques may be used to removably and replaceably secure
the shaft to the handle.

[0019] FIG. 2 is a front view of the smash golf racquet 10 of
FIG. 1. FIG. 3 is a side view of the smash golf racquet of
FIGS. 1 and 2.

[0020] To use the racquet 10 on a golf course a player/user
would strike a ball with the ball-striking strings 16 towards
golf hole. The ball may be for example a ball conventionally
used to play one of racquetball, squash, tennis or any other
small rubber ball, such as for example a SUPER® BALL® ball
sold by Wham-O (www.wham-o.com). A conventional golf
ball may also be used. It is contemplated that virtually any
reasonably sized ball may be used, and the type of ball may be
selected for example based upon the distance(s) of the hole(s)
being played. For example, if played indoors then it is con-
templated that a ball such as a ping pong ball or a WHIFFLE®
ball may be used (www.whiffle.com).

[0021] The distance the ball is struck via the ball-striking
strings 16 may be controlled by the speed of the strings hitting
the ball and the angle of the plane of the ball-striking strings.
The player may release the ball from their left hand and swing
the racquet with their right hand at the desired speed and angle
based upon the trajectory desired for the ball. The player
continues to strike the ball the number of times necessary for
the ball to reach a putting surface (i.e., a green). Once on the
putting surface, the player would turn the racquet upside
down and hold the racquet generally at hand positions 30, 32,
address the resting ball on the putting surface with the putter
face 26. Synthetic or similar gripping surfaces may be applied
to the exterior of the rim at hand positions 30, 32 so the user
knows where to place their hands and for enhanced feel. The
player would then swing the racquet so the putter face strikes
the ball, rolling it along the putting surface towards the hole.
Once the player knocks the ball into the hole/cup on the green
with the putter face 26, she removes the ball from the cup and
proceeds to the next hole. The use of the racquet on the course
may be referred to as smash golf.

[0022] Smash golf has a number of advantages including
the fact that did not require any modification to a con-
tventional golf course, it requires only a single smash golf club
making it an easy walk on the golf course, and can be played
relatively quickly.

[0023] It is contemplated that the shape of the smash golf
racquet is not limited to tennis racquets; it is contemplated
that various other racquets including squash or racquet ball
racquets may be used. In addition, the frame, the shaft and the
putter head may be formed as a unitary structure, such as for
example or carbon fiber-reinforced polymer.

[0024] Although the invention has been illustrated and
described with respect to several preferred embodiments
thereof, various changes, omissions and additions to the form
and detail thereof, may be made therein, without departing
from the spirit and scope of the invention.

What is claimed is:

1. A smash golf racquet, comprising:
a frame having a handle proximate end and a bowed distal
end that forms a rim with tensioned ball striking strings
strung within and attached to the rim; and
a shaft attached at a first end to the distal end of the handle
and attached to a second end at a golf club head.

2. A smash golf racquet, comprising:
a frame having a handle proximate end and a bowed distal
end that forms a rim with tensioned ball striking strings
strung within and attached to the rim; and
a golf club head attached to the handle.

3. The smash golf racquet of claim 2, where the golf club
head comprises a putter head.

4. The smash golf racquet of claim 3, where the distal end
of the handle is attached to the putter head.

5. The smash golf racquet of claim 3, where the distal end
of the handle is attached to the putter head via a shaft.

6. The smash golf racquet of claim 1, where the shaft is
removable and replaceable with respect to the handle inde-
pendent of a hand tool.

7. The smash golf racquet of claim 3, where the shaft
comprises a telescopic shaft member.

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