SITE MEMORY PROCESSING AND CLIPPING CONTROL

A system is provided for presenting users with relevant personalized and/or customized information whenever the user visits a website or performs an internet search. The system described herein advantageously provides for the saving (clipping) of website information as an integrated part of a user’s browsing experience. The content of the website information that is clipped may be advantageously controlled by a website owner/publisher. Using website clips, identified as “notes,” previously stored by a user, currently displayed website content is modified in connection with identified relevant notes and a notification is be displayed on the current website for a particular user identifying stored relevant notes of the user.
Description

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0001] This application is directed to the field of storing, searching and presenting information, particularly in connection with websites.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] Systems and services exist that are designed to help people remember personal information. An example of such a service is Evernote provided by Evernote Corporation of Mountain View, California. Some examples of the types of information that can be stored in Evernote are: clips from web sites, business cards, emails, documents, meeting notes, reminders, photographs (personal, landscapes, wine labels, etc.), wish-lists, receipts, audio notes, etc. Evernote lets users capture and retrieve any type of information using custom software running on a desktop or laptop computer, telephone, tablet, PDA or smartphone. Alternatively, Evernote also has a web-application which gives users access to their stored information without having to install any software. Once information is in Evernote, users can search for it using any combination of time, date, geo-location, tags, content attributes or keywords. Evernote also automatically identifies and indexes the printed and handwritten words inside of images. The general name for a piece of information in Evernote is a "note."

[0003] Accordingly, it would be desirable to provide systems and techniques that advantageously facilitate the searching for and presenting of relevant notes in connection with other website content accessed by a visitor and that facilitate control by the site owner of website content clipped to a note by the visitor.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0004] According to the system described herein, a method for presenting information on a website includes extracting information, as extracted information, from the website. A database may be searched for relevant information that is relevant to the extracted information from the website. The relevant information may be stored in the database prior to the extracting of the extracted information from the website. The relevant information is presented in a manner that associates the relevant information with content displayed on the website. The extracted information may be a portion of the site address of the website. The web-site may be an interface to a search engine, and the extracted information may correspond to a search query input to the search engine. The manner in which the relevant information is displayed may include modifying search results of the search engine in response to the search query. The manner of presenting the relevant information may include displaying a preview of the relevant information in a popup window and/or modifying the site to add and display the relevant information. The method may further include determining whether a visitor has selected the preview in the popup window, and, if the preview is selected, displaying the relevant information corresponding to the preview. The manner of presenting the relevant information may include displaying a notification on the website that the relevant information is available. The database may be maintained by a service, and the relevant information stored in the database may include content clipped from at least one other website. The extracted information may be automatically extracted from the website and/or may be extracted after an activation action by a visitor to the website.

[0005] According further to the system described herein, a non-transitory computer readable medium stores software that presents information on a website. The software may include executable code that extracts information, as extracted information, from the website. Executable code may be provided that searches a database for relevant information that is relevant to the extracted information from the website. The relevant information may be stored in the database prior to the extracting of the extracted information from the website. Executable code may be provided that presents the relevant information in a manner that links the relevant information to content displayed on the website. The extracted information may be a portion of the site address of the website. The web-site may be an interface to a search engine, and the extracted information may correspond to a search query input to the search engine. The manner in which the relevant information is displayed may include modifying search results of the search engine in response to the search query. The manner of presenting the relevant information may include displaying a preview of the relevant information in a popup window and/or modifying the site to add and display the relevant information. The method may further include determining whether a visitor has selected the preview in the popup window, and, if the preview is selected, displaying the relevant information corresponding to the preview. The manner of presenting the relevant information may include displaying a notification on the website that the relevant information is available. The database may be maintained by a service, and the relevant information stored in the database may include content clipped from at least one other website. The extracted information may be automatically extracted from the website and/or may be extracted after an activation action by a visitor to the website.

[0006] According to the system described herein, a method for controlling information stored in a non-transitory computer readable medium stores software that presents information on a website. A button may be configured for the website that activates the content clipping process. At least one parameter may be associated with the button, and the at least one parameter may include a content parameter for identifying content on the website in response to activation of the content clipping process. The content may be stored in
a presentable form in a database. The button may be embedded on the website. The presentable form of the content on the website that is identified in response to activation of the content clipping process may be controlled by a site owner of the website by controlling the at least one parameter. The database may be maintained by a service to which a visitor to the website subscribes. The visitor may activate the embedded button on the website to activate the content clipping process and store the presentable form of the content in the database. The presentable form of the stored content in the database may be subsequently accessible by the visitor. The at least one parameter may further include a parameter for organizing the content in the presentable form that is stored in the database. Configuring the button may include configuring visual characteristics of the button. The presentable form of the content may be the same as a printable view of the content. The at least one parameter may include the content parameter and at least one other parameter for organizing the content. The at least one other parameter may be controllable by a visitor to the website, and the content parameter may be exclusively controlled by a site owner of the website.

According further to the system described herein, a non-transitory computer readable medium stores software for controlling information stored in response to a content clipping process on a website. The software may include executable code that configures a button for the website that activates the content clipping process. Executable code may be provided that configures at least one parameter associated with the button, wherein the at least one parameter includes a content parameter for identifying content on the website in response to activation of the content clipping process, the content being stored in a presentable form in a database. Executable code may be provided that embeds the button on the website. The presentable form of the content on the website that is identified in response to activation of the content clipping process may be controlled by a site owner of the website by controlling the at least one parameter. The database may be maintained by a service to which a visitor to the website subscribes. The visitor may activate the embedded button on the website to activate the content clipping process and store the presentable form of the content in the database. The presentable form of the stored content in the database may be subsequently accessible by the visitor. The at least one parameter may further include a parameter for organizing the content in the presentable form that is stored in the database. Configuring the button may include configuring visual characteristics of the button. The presentable form of the content may be the same as a printable view of the content. The at least one parameter may include the content parameter and at least one other parameter for organizing the content. The at least one other parameter may be controllable by a visitor to the website, and the content parameter may be exclusively controlled by a site owner of the website.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0008] Embodiments of the system described herein will now be explained in more detail in accordance with the figures of the drawings, which are briefly described as follows.

FIG. 1 is a schematic illustration showing a page of a website having site memory features according to an embodiment of the system described herein.

FIG. 2 is a flow diagram showing processing in connection with site memory according to an embodiment of the system described herein.

FIG. 3 is a flow diagram showing processing of the system described herein in connection with enhanced Internet searching techniques according to an embodiment of the system described herein.

FIG. 4 is a schematic illustration showing a popup window that is opened when a visitor clicks the embedded site memory button and for which the result from a clip has been controlled by the site owner of the website according to an embodiment of the system described herein.

FIG. 5 is a schematic illustration of a popup window that shows relevant notes that may be selected by a visitor for display in accordance with an embodiment of the system described herein.

FIG. 6 is a flow diagram showing on-site clipping processing according to an embodiment of the system described herein in accordance with the clipping of clip content by a site owner of a website.

FIG. 7 is a flow diagram showing another embodiment for on-site clipping processing including visitor registration processing according to the system described herein.

FIG. 8 is a schematic illustration showing a button builder template for use by a site owner of a website to control features and identification of content that is clipped into a note when a visitor activates on-site clipping processing according to an embodiment of the system described herein.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF VARIOUS EMBODIMENTS

[0009] The system described herein provides methods for presenting users with relevant personal (private) information, already stored in Evernote and/or other similar services, whenever the users (visitors) visit a public website or perform an Internet search on Google and/or any other search engine. It is particularly noted that website
information may be saved as notes using Evernote. The system described herein advantageously provides for the saving of webpages or other website information as an integrated part of a visitor’s browsing experience. It should be noted that although the services provided by Evernote are principally discussed in connection with the system described herein, the system described herein may also be used with other services or hardware that perform functions similar to that of the Evernote service/software and/or in connection with other features that are simply present as files on visitors’ local computers. Accordingly, any reference herein to “Evernote” should be read as generally applying to similarly-appropriate services and software.

[0010] Evernote may store notes in notebooks that are parts of user databases. A main copy of the user database may be stored on one or more network data services. Notes may be synchronized across multiple devices and platforms. The system described herein allows multiple search options across user notes, including keyword searches in text and images, searches for source URLs for notes clipped from websites, searches by location when present, etc. When a visitor visits a website or searches online, the system described herein may enhance site relevance and enhance visitor experiences and productivity by combining published site contents or search results with the notes already stored in the user (visitor) databases, as further discussed in detail elsewhere herein.

[0011] In an embodiment of the system described herein, a user/visitor may install a piece of software that may be referred to as an “extension” into their web browser of choice. In another embodiment, the extension (or the functionality it provides) may be pre-installed in appropriate Web browsers. The extension may be visible as, and/or otherwise be activated by, a button or icon in the toolbar or other location of the browser. Whenever the visitor visits any website with their browser, the extension may be activated to check the Evernote account of the visitor for any previously stored notes related to the website or the content on the website. In an embodiment, the extension may operate automatically each time a webpage is visited. Additionally and/or alternatively, in another embodiment, the extension may be activated by the user, for example, by clicking on a button. The extension may operate to determine whether or not a note is related to the site by employing several techniques, including checking to see if the address (URL) of the site is attributed to the note (e.g., meaning that the note was “clipped” from the same site), checking if common keywords appear on both the site and the note, and checking if other people who have previously visited the site also have similar notes, as further discussed elsewhere herein.

[0012] Some or all of these methods may be employed each time. If the extension determines that the visitor has one or more notes which are related to the current website, the extension may notify the visitor by: (1) modifying the displayed content of the site in the visitor’s web browser by including summary information and links to the visitor’s personal notes inside of the public site; (2) displaying a popup window with the summary information and links; and/or (3) displaying a status message or indicator on the extension icon that alerts the visitor that relevant notes are present. The user may then click on the summary information or links in the content or popup window and/or the button of the extension to then display the summary preview of the relevant notes and subsequently allow the user to choose and display a particular note from the summary preview.

[0013] In another embodiment, similar functions and effects may be achieved for certain sites without requiring any extensions or user-custom functionality in the Web browser. The publisher or owner of the site (site owner) may embed an “embedded button” (a small piece of JavaScript or similar code) into their website that performs similar actions as the extension discussed elsewhere herein. In an embodiment, the embedded button feature described herein may be referred to as “Evernote Site Memory.” The embedded Evernote Site Memory button may provide for the embedding of a mini version of Evernote onto a site owner’s website. The embedded button may effectively give the website a memory. In various embodiments, the embedded button of the Evernote Site Memory may provide advantageous memory features in connection with running a blog, news outlet, storefront, a corporate site, a commercial site and/or other type of website.

[0014] FIG. 1 is a schematic illustration showing a page of a website 100 having site memory features according to an embodiment of the system described herein. The webpage 100 is shown with two site memory features that may be generally referred to as “site memory buttons.” The site memory features, according to the system described herein may include an extension button/icon 110 that may be a button installed into a browser and may include an embedded button 112 that is embedded in the webpage 100, as further discussed elsewhere herein. In an embodiment, the extension button (or icon) 110 is provided in connection with the use of an extension installed by a visitor for identifying that relevant note information from the Evernote service of the visitor is available to the visitor. In another embodiment, the embedded button 112 may represent an embedded button that is embedded by a site owner in a website. In particular, the embedded button may also be used in connection with clipping, controlled by the site owner, for controlling the information provided as a note using the Evernote service in response to a clipping process activated by the visitor.
According to the system described herein, the system described herein.
site memory information according to an embodiment the webpage 100 is a popup window 140 that may provide of the above-noted buttons. Further illustrated on the webpage 100 is a popup window 140 that may provide site memory information according to an embodiment the system described herein.

**[0015]** According to the system described herein, the popup window 140 may display relevant information (notes) stored in one or more Evernote databases of a visitor. In another embodiment, the website content 130 of the website 100 may be modified and/or otherwise enhanced according to notes. If the system described herein determines that the visitor has one or more notes which are related, or otherwise related to, the current website, the system may notify the visitor by: (1) automatically modifying the displayed website content 130 of the site in the visitor’s web browser by including summary information and links to the visitor’s personal notes inside of the public site; (2) displaying a popup window with the summary information and links, and/or (3) displaying a status message or indicator in connection with one or more of the site memory buttons that alerts the visitor that relevant notes are present and allowing the visitor to click on the button to then display the relevant notes.  

**[0016]** As further discussed elsewhere herein, in connection with an Internet search (e.g., Google search) by the user using a public search engine, if the public web site displays the search results (website content 130) from the Google search, and/or any other search engine, the system described herein may automatically run the query (that was used to produce the public search results) against the visitor’s private notes stored via Evernote (and/or another service or the visitor’s local documents). This has the effect of notifying a visitor of any personal or private information that the visitor may have previously "remembered" (stored in Evernote or another service or in a local document) about whatever topic is being searched for by the visitor. 

**[0017]** FIG. 2 is a flow diagram 200 showing processing in connection with site memory according to an embodiment of the system described herein. At a step 202, a user (visitor) visits a website using a browser. After the step 202, processing proceeds to a step 204 where normalized site information, such as a normalized site URL (and/or other appropriate address format), may be obtained and parsed from the browser address field. For example, for a URL in the format http[s]://[subdomain].domain.tld/path or http[s]://www.domain.tld, the path names following tld (top level domain) may be stripped off, leaving the relevant domain information in the normalized site URL format. It is noted that the site memory processing may be performed automatically when the visitor visits the website and/or may be activated by a visitor in some manner (e.g., by an initial click on the extension button 110, the embedded site memory button 112 and/or via some other appropriate mechanism).

**[0018]** After the step 204, processing proceeds to a step 206, where the normalized site URL format may be compared with stored note information, such as source URL information from notes (and/or other appropriate information) stored in one or more databases via Evernote and/or other similar service. This comparison may involve searching the one or more databases maintained by the Evernote service with previously-stored notes. The source URL information may be attributed to notes clipped from webpages and may find all notes related to (clipped from) visited websites. Additional features of the clipping process are further discussed elsewhere herein. In other embodiments, the system described herein may identify relevant notes by checking if common keywords appear on both the site and the note, and by checking if other people who have previously visited the site also have similar notes. In an embodiment, the above-noted steps may be performed automatically when the visitor visits the website. In another embodiment, the above-noted steps may be activated by the visitor, for example, by initially clicking on the button 110 and/or the button 112 and/or via another appropriate activation action by the visitor.

**[0019]** After the step 206, processing proceeds to a test step 208 where it is determined whether relevant notes exist in response to the searching and comparison processing. If not, then processing is complete. Otherwise, if relevant notes are determined to exist, then processing proceeds to a step 210 where note previews may be prepared for the relevant notes. In an embodiment, the note previews may include thumbnails of rendered notes, snippets or summaries of note contents, links to full notes in online notebooks and/or other appropriate note preview presentation.

**[0020]** After the step 210, processing proceeds to a step 212 where it is indicated that site memory functions are available or provided by displaying note previews and/or otherwise notifying the visitor of the note previews. In various embodiments, the visitor may be notified of note previews by displaying the note previews in connection with the content of the website being displayed, displaying in a popup window and/or may be presented in connection with a notification involving one or more of the site memory buttons. For example, for displaying involving use of the extension button 110, the extension button 110 may be changed in some appropriate manner to indicate that note previews for the current website are available, one example being displaying a "balloon" with the count of the relevant notes in proximity to the button 110. In another embodiment, the visitor may be notified of the existence of note previews by modifying the content of the website that the visitor is visiting by incorporating the note preview information into the displayed content of the current website. Additionally, the visitor may be notified of the existence of the note previews by display of note preview information in a popup window.

**[0021]** It is noted that in other embodiments, the steps 212 and 210 may be modified and performed in a different
order. For example, a visitor may be notified that relevant notes exist, and that note preview information may be provided on request, such as by a change in one or more of the site memory buttons indicating the presence of notes. Upon request (click) by the visitor, the note preview information for the relevant notes may then be prepared and displayed.

[0022] After the step 212, processing proceeds to a test step 214 where it is determined whether the visitor has requested a note, for example, by clicking on a note preview item. For example, the visitor may be determined to have clicked on a note preview item presented in connection with modified content displayed on the current website, clicking on the popup window and/or may be determined to have clicked on the extension button 110 that notified the visitor of the existence of note previews. If clicking on the extension button 110, the visitor may then further click on one or more of the note preview items that are then listed. If it is determined that the visitor has not clicked on any note preview item, then processing proceeds to a step 216 where a relevant note, corresponding to the selected note preview, is retrieved from the Evernote database and displayed to the visitor. After the step 216, processing is complete.

[0023] FIG. 3 is a flow diagram 300 showing processing of the system described herein in connection with enhanced Internet searching techniques according to an embodiment of the system described herein. At a step 302, a user (visitor) visits a search site, such as Google, Wikipedia and/or other Internet search engine website, using a browser and/or other appropriate Internet search feature. After the step 302, processing proceeds to a step 304 where the browser accepts as input a search query. In various embodiments, the search query may be entered by the visitor and/or may be provided by another site from which the visitor has linked to the search site. After the step 304, processing proceeds to a step 306 where the system extracts the visitor’s search query terms from the browser address field. Parsing URLs for search queries may take into account browser and search engine specific formats for online queries. After the step 306, processing proceeds to a step 308 where information corresponding to stored notes in Evernote (and/or other similar service) may be searched and compared with the extracted search query terms. Evernote may find notes by regular keyword searches in text notes and from typed and handwritten text present in images, digital ink notes, etc. using, for example, known Optical Character Recognition (OCR), Intelligent Character Recognition (ICR) or Natural Handwriting Recognition (NHR) techniques and/or other known data extraction techniques.

[0024] After the step 308, processing proceeds to a test step 310 where it is determined whether relevant notes in Evernote exist that correspond to the extracted search query terms. If not, then processing is complete (and, for example, the search engine displays its normal, unmodified public search query results). If at the test step 310 it is determined that relevant notes exist, then processing proceeds to a step 312 where note previews are prepared for the relevant notes. In various embodiments, note preview information may include summary of notes, snippets of note content, thumbnail images of notes, etc. After the step 312, processing proceeds to a step 314 where the normal, unmodified public search query results from the search engine are analyzed. The analysis may include extracting URLs of pages, e.g., normalized URLs, as further discussed elsewhere herein. After the step 314, processing proceeds to a step 316 where the search result extracted information, such as normalized URLs, are compared to note information, such as source URLs of the visitor's stored notes in Evernote (see, e.g., FIG. 2).

[0025] After the step 316, processing proceeds to a test step 318 where it is determined whether the comparison of the search result extracted information with the Evernote note information indicates that additional relevant notes exist (additional to that identified, if any, in the test step 310). If additional relevant notes are determined to exist then processing proceeds to a step 320 where note previews are prepared for the additional relevant notes. After the step 320, processing proceeds to a step 322 where the visitor is notified of the note previews. In various embodiments, the visitor may be notified of note previews by displaying the note previews in connection with modification of the content of the search results being displayed, via a popup window and/or may be presented in connection with a notification involving one or more site memory buttons. For example, relevant notes for the search may be made available and/or may include altering the content of the search result page to provide links to relevant notes next to search result listings. Additionally and/or alternatively, for displaying involving use of one or more dedicated buttons, such as the extension button 110, the extension button may be changed to indicate that note previews for the search results are available.

[0026] If, at the test step 318, it is determined that no additional relevant notes exist, then processing proceeds to a test step 324 where it is determined whether any relevant notes exist for the search query (i.e. were relevant notes determined to exist at test step 310). If not, then processing is complete. If so, meaning that relevant notes were determined to exist at the test step 310, then processing proceeds to the step 322 where the visitor is notified of the note previews as discussed.

[0027] After the step 324, processing proceeds to a test step 326 where it is determined whether the visitor has clicked on the note preview information (e.g. relevant note links) in the search result content and/or on the extension button 110 on the webpage. In various embodiments, the determination may be made in connection with multiple clicks by the visitor, for example, initially clicking the extension button 110 when notified that rel-
evant notes exist, followed by one or more additional clicks to click on links to specific relevant notes. If it is determined that the visitor has not clicked on note preview information and/or the site memory button, then processing is complete. Otherwise, if the visitor clicks on the note preview information and/or site memory button then processing proceeds to a step 328 where the relevant notes may be retrieved from the Evernote database and displayed to the visitor. After step 328, processing is complete.

In various embodiments, use of the embedded button may also be provided in connection with revenue generation and sharing schemas. For example, after clicking on the embedded site memory button 112, the visitor may need to sign into their Evernote account. If the visitor does not have an Evernote account, the visitor may create one from within the popup. Multiple Evernote account options may be available to visitors, including subscription accounts (e.g., premium accounts) and, if the visitor signs up for a subscription service version of Evernote from the site memory button, the site owner may be given a portion of the subscription fee paid by the user. Other revenue generation options are possible.

In another embodiment, the system described herein may provide for clipping control by a site owner of a website who may control aspects of what information is clipped by a visitor that activates a clipping process for a website using Evernote (and/or other similar service). For example, through the control of an embedded on-site clipping button on the website, the site owner may control precisely what is saved into a visitor’s Evernote account upon activation of the embedded button by the visitor. The embedded on-site clipping button may be the same as, or a different button from, the site memory button 112 that has been previously discussed elsewhere herein. Accordingly, in various embodiments, the same button may function to provide both the site memory features discussed herein as well as the content clipping features, and may include one or more selection features or options that may be provided for the visitor to select whether site memory searching functions or content clipping functions (or both) are being requested. Alternatively, in other embodiments, multiple buttons may be used and may be located on the same or different portions of the website. For example, site memory buttons may be embedded next to a snippet of each article on a blog’s index page.

In an embodiment, as part of the button customization for content clipping functions, the site owner may define what region of a page is clipped and the title of the resulting note. The site owner may suggest tags to accompany the note, as well as the organization schema, such as a destination notebook, for the clip. The site owner may even provide the clips with automatic headers, footers, links, and attributions that allow the pages clipped from the website to be presented and displayed in an advantageously controllable manner, as further discussed elsewhere herein.

The following describes specific embodiments for fields of the popup 400 that may include site owner controlled information along with options for the visitor to further customize the generated note following activation of the clipping process. Field 401 of the popup may indicate provider information, such as the name of the website being clipped. Field 402 may indicate a title of the new note that will be saved with the clipped content. The title may be already suggested, as controlled by the site owner, and may be the same as or different from the webpage title. The visitor may also type in a desired title of the note. Field 403 may show the source URL for the webpage title. The visitor may also type in a desired title of the note. Field 404 may show the source URL for the website being clipped; by customizing this field, the site owner may offer “permalink” to notes that will sustain site changes even in cases where the visitor clips site content from "news" or "headline" pages. Field 404 may show a suggested location of the new note, such as proposing a new notebook and/or showing a visitor’s saved notebook. Field 405 may allow the visitor to tag the note, such as personal and/or professional. The site owner may suggest predefined tags that may be listed in the popup window, which may be accepted by the visitor and/or may be overridden by the visitor. Field 406 may be a text field that allows the visitor to type in information describing the note to allow further customization by the visitor. Field 407 may be a tab and/or other mechanism for the visitor to view other clipped notes, such as other notes from the same domain. In accordance with the system described herein, the actual content that is clipped, and which is shown by a visitor subsequently accessing the note, may be controlled by the site owner, as further discussed elsewhere herein while the visitor may redefine other elements in the fields.

FIG. 5 is a schematic illustration of a popup window 410 that shows relevant notes that may be selected by a visitor for display in accordance with the system described herein. In the various embodiments discussed herein, the popup windows 410 may show examples of note previews that have been determined as relevant notes in accordance with the processes described else-
where herein. For example, the popup window 410 may show note previews for notes clipped from a common domain and/or the popup window 410 may be the result of processing showing notes relevant to a current website visited by the visitor and/or by an Internet search performed by the user in accordance with the site memory processing described elsewhere herein. As shown the popup window may include note previews 412, 414 that include thumbnail images, text and/or other identifying information of relevant notes. By clicking on the previews 412, 414, the associated relevant notes may then be displayed.

In accordance with the system described herein, it is noted that the ability to associate a visitor’s past notes with a newly visited web site may be particularly advantageous when the visitor clips content from the website and explores its relation with other content, including other relevant notes and past content clipped from the same site or same domain. This may be particularly useful in connection with shopping, research, entertainment and/or other frequently visited sites. Accumulation of site content, and appropriate association of relevant notes between multiple sites, increases site relevance. Accordingly, in connection therewith, it is advantageous for a site owner to be able to control what content is clipped, as further discussed elsewhere herein.

FIG. 6 is a flow diagram 500 showing on-site clipping processing according to an embodiment of the system described herein in accordance with the controlling of clip content by a site owner of a website. This particular embodiment represents the case where a visitor to the site is registered with the Evernote service and has an account and the corresponding login information. At a step 502, the system recognizes that a visitor has clicked an on-site clipping button on a website (e.g., the embedded button 112). After the step 502, processing proceeds to a test step 504 where it is determined whether the visitor is logged into an Evernote account (and/or similar service account). If so, then processing proceeds to a test step 506 where the content for the desired page is clipped. If, at the test step 506, processing proceeds to a step 512 where the visitor fills in and/or overwrites clipping parameters (such as title, notebook, customized text etc.). After the step 512, processing proceeds to the step 514 where the new note is saved in a database of the Evernote service. After the step 514, processing is complete.

In an alternative embodiment, after the step 514 processing may proceed to a step 520 where a site memory list with note previews for relevant notes of the clipped content for the current webpage, including the new note, may be displayed to the visitor in connection with site memory processing like that further described elsewhere herein. After the step 520, processing proceeds to a test step 522 where it is determined whether the visitor has requested site memory by clicking on a note preview item of the site memory list. If not, then processing is complete. If so, then processing proceeds to a step 524 where the relevant note, for the note preview clicked on by the visitor, is displayed to the visitor. After the step 524, processing is complete.

FIG. 7 is a flow diagram 550 showing another embodiment for on-site clipping processing including visitor registration processing according to the system described herein. At a step 552, the system recognizes that a visitor has clicked an on-site clipping button on a website (e.g., the embedded button 112). After the step 552, processing proceeds to a test step 554 where it is determined whether the visitor is logged into an Evernote account (and/or similar service account). If so, then processing proceeds to a step 556 where page content is clipped as defined by the site owner, for example in a script. The site owner may pre-define various clip parameters, such as title, associated URL, site title, suggested notebook name and tags and even replicate existing content tags (notebooks and tags may be created, if absent), location, style etc., as further discussed elsewhere herein. Omitted parameters may be filled in with default values and/or left to the visitor (user) to complete. The visitor may be able to override most parameters, although, in an embodiment, a visitor may not be able to override the choice of content controlled by the owner/publisher.

If, at the test step 554, it is determined that the visitor is not logged into an Evernote account, then processing proceeds to a test step 555 where it is determined whether the visitor is registered with Evernote. If so, then processing proceeds to a step 558 (flow processing shown using the connector with the letter "A") where the visitor is provided with information and prompts to log-in to Evernote. After the step 558, processing proceeds to a test step 560 where it is determined whether the log-in was successful. If not, then processing is complete. If so, then processing proceeds to the step 556 where the content for the desired page is clipped.

If, at the test step 555 it is determined that the visitor is not registered with Evernote, then processing...
proceeds to a step 557 where the visitor registration processing provides the visitor with information and prompts to register with Evernote. It is noted that this feature may be used in connection with revenue generation schemas for site owners as further discussed elsewhere herein. After the step 557, processing proceeds to a test step 559 where it is determined whether registration was successful. If so, then processing proceeds to the step 558 for logging-in the visitor. If registration is not successful, then processing is complete.

[0042] After the step 556, processing proceeds to a step 562 where the visitor fills in and/or overwrites clipping parameters (such as title, notebook, customized text etc.). After the step 562, processing proceeds to the step 564 where the new note is saved in a database of the Evernote service. After the step 564, processing is complete. It is also noted that alternative processing, like that shown by steps 520, 522 and 524 in the flow diagram 500 of FIG. 6, may also be performed in connection with the processing of flow diagram 550.

[0043] FIG. 8 is a schematic illustration showing a button builder template 600 for use by a site owner of a website to control features and identification of content that is clipped into a note when a visitor activates on-site clipping processing according to an embodiment of the system described herein. The button builder template 600 may be used to create button code for an embedded button (see e.g., embedded button 112 and/or other on-site clipping button) that is to be clicked on by a visitor in connection with activation of on-site clipping processing.

[0044] Field 610 of the button builder template 600 shows image options for the image to be used for the site memory button/on-site clipping button. Image and text associated with the image may be used. The site owner of the website may select a desired image/text for the button. Field 620 allows for the site owner to identify the content that is to be clipped. As discussed herein, the site owner may control what content is clipped in response to a visitor’s activation of site memory processing. The site owner may enter the appropriate content address information into the “Content to clip” field. Field 630 allows the site owner to specify a site name that will be displayed in the site memory window. If left blank, the page title of the webpage where the site memory button is embedded may be the default. Field 630 further enables the site owner to specify a suggested notebook location for the clips and allows identification of a referral code that may be used to identify the site owner with Evernote and may be used in connection with revenue generation for the site owner, as further discussed elsewhere herein. Field 640 enables the site owner to test the settings entered and see an example of a note clipped from the website according to the controlled settings.

[0045] Filling out the Content field 620 in the site memory button builder template provides control of the quality of clips that will be produce by a visitor clipping a website. If no content is specified for a clip, by default, a link to the webpage may be saved as a note without saving actual content. By specifying which content to clip, a more useful result providing actual content in the resulting note may be controlled. One way to provide appropriate control of what to clip after the site memory button is activated by a visitor is to set the content ID when building the embedded site memory button. The content ID is the ID of a container on a webpage, such as a<br>

[0046] In an embodiment, in connection with the field 620 for controlling the content to clip, main content that will be clipped from a page may be controlled by using one of content, contentId or contentUrl parameters. The content parameter may be a string or document object model (DOM) element containing the content to be clipped. The contentId parameter may be the ID of the HTML element containing the content to be clipped, for example, a<br>

[0047] In addition to the main content, it is also possible, in various embodiments, to add a signature, header and/or footer to the clipped note using the signature, header and footer parameters. A signature is a string or DOM element containing a signature that will be appended to the main content of the clip, separated by a horizontal rule. A header is a string or DOM element containing a header that will be prepended to the main content.

[0048] It is noted that site memory processing may be completely static until the visitor clicks on the button, so that page loads will not be slowed down. In an embodiment, site memory content may be distributed using a service, such as, for example, via Amazon CloudFront, so the visitor’s browser may not make a request to an actual Evernote server until the visitor clicks on the site memory button. Other options for optimizing performance include: only include the Site Memory JavaScript library once; include the JavaScript library at the bottom of pages so that it loads last; and/or load a minified JavaScript library by changing the script source URL.

[0049] Various embodiments discussed herein may be combined with each other in appropriate combinations in connection with the system described herein. Addition-
ally, in some instances, the order of steps in the flow-
charts, flow diagrams and/or described flow processing
may be modified, where appropriate. Further, various as-
pects of the system described herein may be implement-
ed using software, hardware, a combination of software
and hardware and/or other computer-implemented mod-
ules or devices having the described features and per-
forming the described functions. Software implementa-
tions of the system described herein may include exe-
cutable code that is stored in a computer readable me-
dium and executed by one or more processors. The com-
puter readable medium may include a computer hard
drive, ROM, RAM, flash memory, portable computer stor-
age media such as a CD-ROM, a DVD-ROM, a flash
drive and/or other drive with, for example, a universal
serial bus (USB) interface, and/or any other appropriate
tangible or non-transitory computer readable medium or
computer memory on which executable code may be
stored and executed by a processor. The system de-
scribed herein may be used in connection with any ap-
propriate operating system.

[0050] Other embodiments of the invention will be ap-
parent to those skilled in the art from a consideration of
the specification or practice of the invention disclosed
herein. It is intended that the specification and examples
be considered as exemplary only, with the scope of the
invention being indicated by the appended claims.

[0051] The above described technology comprises the
following features described in structured clauses:

Clause 1. A method for presenting information on a
website, comprising:

extracting information, as extracted information, from
the website;
searching a database for relevant information
that is relevant to the extracted information from
the website, wherein the relevant information is
stored in the database prior to the extracting of the
extracted information from the website; and
presenting the relevant information in a manner
that associates the relevant information with content
displayed on the website.

Clause 2. The method of clause 1, wherein the ex-
tracted information is a portion of the site address of
the website.

Clause 3. The method of clause 1, wherein the web-
site is an interface to a search engine, and wherein
the extracted information corresponds to a search
query input to the search engine.

Clause 4. The method of clause 3, wherein the man-
nner in which the relevant information is displayed in-
cludes modifying search results of the search engine
in response to the search query.

Clause 5. The method of clause 1, wherein the man-
nner of presenting the relevant information includes
at least one of: (i) displaying a preview of the relevant
information in a popup window, or (ii) modifying the
website to add and display the relevant information.

Clause 6. The method of clause 5, further compris-
ing:

determining whether a visitor has selected the
preview in the popup window; and
if the preview is selected, displaying the relevant
information corresponding to the preview.

Clause 7. The method of clause 1, wherein the man-
nner of presenting the relevant information includes
displaying a notification on the website that the rel-
evant information is available.

Clause 8. The method of clause 1, wherein the da-
tabase is maintained by a service, and wherein the
relevant information stored in the database includes
content clipped from at least one other website.

Clause 9. The method of clause 1, wherein the ex-
tracted information is automatically extracted from
the website.

Clause 10. The method of clause 1, wherein the ex-
tracted information is extracted from the website af-
after an activation action by a visitor to the website.

Clause 11. A non-transitory computer readable me-
dium storing software that presents information on
a website, the software comprising:

executable code that extracts information, as
extracted information, from the website;
executable code that searches a database for
relevant information that is relevant to the ex-
tracted information from the website, wherein
the relevant information is stored in the database prior to the extracting of the extracted
information from the website; and
presenting the relevant information in a manner
that associates the relevant information with content
displayed on the website.

Clause 12. The non-transitory computer readable
medium of clause 11, wherein the extracted informa-
tion is a portion of the site address of the website.

Clause 13. The non-transitory computer readable
medium of clause 11, wherein the website is an
interface to a search engine, and wherein the extracted
information corresponds to a search query input to the
search engine.
Clause 14. The non-transitory computer readable medium of clause 13, wherein the manner in which the relevant information is displayed includes modifying search results of the search engine in response to the search query.

Clause 15. The non-transitory computer readable medium of clause 11, wherein the manner of presenting the relevant information includes at least one of: (i) displaying a preview of the relevant information in a popup window, or (ii) modifying the website to add and display the relevant information.

Clause 16. The non-transitory computer readable medium of clause 15, wherein the software further comprises:

executable code that determines whether a visitor has selected the preview in the popup window; and
executable code that, if the preview is selected, displays the relevant information corresponding to the preview.

Clause 17. The non-transitory computer readable medium of clause 11, wherein the manner of presenting the relevant information includes displaying a notification on the website that the relevant information is available.

Clause 18. The non-transitory computer readable medium of clause 11, wherein the database is maintained by a service, and wherein the relevant information stored in the database includes content clipped from at least one other website.

Clause 19. The non-transitory computer readable medium of clause 11, wherein the extracted information is automatically extracted from the website.

Clause 20. The non-transitory computer readable medium of clause 11, wherein the extracted information is extracted from the website after an activation action by a visitor to the website.

Clause 21. A method for controlling information stored in response to a content clipping process on a website, the method comprising:

configuring a button for the website that activates the content clipping process; configuring at least one parameter associated with the button, wherein the at least one parameter includes a content parameter for identifying content on the website in response to activation of the content clipping process, the content being stored in a presentable form in a database; and

embedding the button on the website.

Clause 22. The method of clause 21, wherein the presentable form of the content on the website that is identified in response to activation of the content clipping process is controlled by a site owner of the website by configuring the at least one parameter.

Clause 23. The method of clause 21, wherein the database is maintained by a service to which a visitor to the website subscribes.

Clause 24. The method of clause 23, wherein the visitor activates the embedded button on the website to activate the content clipping process and store the presentable form of the content in the database.

Clause 25. The method of clause 24, wherein the presentable form of the stored content in the database is subsequently accessible by the visitor.

Clause 26. The method of clause 21, wherein the at least one parameter further includes a parameter for organizing the content in the presentable form that is stored in the database.

Clause 27. The method of clause 21, wherein configuring the button includes configuring visual characteristics of the button.

Clause 28. The method of clause 21, wherein the presentable form of the content is the same as a printable view of the content.

Clause 29. The method of clause 21, wherein the at least one parameter includes the content parameter and at least one other parameter for organizing the content.

Clause 30. The method of clause 29, wherein the at least one other parameter is controllable by a visitor to the website, and wherein the content parameter is exclusively controlled by a site owner of the website.

Clause 31. A non-transitory computer readable medium storing software for controlling information stored in response to a content clipping process on a website, the software comprising:

executable code that configures a button for the website that activates the content clipping process;
executable code that configures at least one parameter associated with the button, wherein the at least one parameter includes a content parameter for identifying content on the website in response to activation of the content clipping process, the content being stored in a presentable form in a database; and
process, the content being stored in a presentable form in a database; and executable code that embeds the button on the website.

Clause 32. The non-transitory computer readable medium of clause 31, wherein the presentable form of the content on the website that is identified in response to activation of the content clipping process is controlled by a site owner of the website by controlling the at least one parameter.

Clause 33. The non-transitory computer readable medium of clause 31, wherein the database is maintained by a service to which a visitor to the website subscribes.

Clause 34. The non-transitory computer readable medium of clause 33, wherein the visitor activates the embedded button on the website to activate the content clipping process and store the presentable form of the content in the database.

Clause 35. The non-transitory computer readable medium of clause 34, wherein the presentable form of the stored content in the database is subsequently accessible by the visitor.

Clause 36. The non-transitory computer readable medium of clause 31, wherein the at least one parameter further includes a parameter for organizing the content in the presentable form that is stored in the database.

Clause 37. The non-transitory computer readable medium of clause 31, wherein configuring the button includes configuring visual characteristics of the button.

Clause 38. The non-transitory computer readable medium of clause 31, wherein the presentable form of the content is the same as a printable view of the content.

Clause 39. The non-transitory computer readable medium of clause 31, wherein the at least one parameter includes the content parameter and at least one other parameter for organizing the content.

Clause 40. The non-transitory computer readable medium of clause 39, wherein the at least one other parameter is controllable by a visitor to the website, and wherein the content parameter is exclusively controlled by a site owner of the website.

Claims

1. A method of presenting personal information to a user when performing an Internet search, comprising:

   receiving a search query from a user;
   extracting terms from the search query;
   modifying search results from a search engine in response to the search query in accordance with a determination that a personal database of the user includes one or more relevant notes corresponding to the extracted terms;
   preparing note previews for the relevant notes;
   and
   notifying the user of the relevant notes.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the one or more notes comprise at least one of:

   a business card;
   an email;
   a meeting note;
   a reminder;
   a photograph;
   a wish-list;
   a receipt; and
   an audio note.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the one or more notes comprise at least one handwritten note of the user.

4. The method of claim 3, wherein determining that a personal database of the user includes one or more relevant notes corresponding to the extracted terms includes utilizing natural handwriting recognition (NHR) on the handwritten note.

5. The method of one of the preceding claims, wherein the note previews include at least one of the following:

   • thumbnails of rendered notes;
   • snippets or summaries of note contents;
   • links to full notes in online notebooks.

6. The method of one of the preceding claims, wherein notifying the user of the relevant notes includes at least one of the following steps:

   • displaying the note previews in connection with modification of the content of the search results being displayed;
   • modifying the content of the website that the user is visiting by incorporating the note preview information into the displayed content of the current website;
• displaying the note previews in a popup window;
• providing links to relevant notes;
• presenting the note previews in connection with a notification involving one or more of the site memory buttons;
• displaying a "balloon" with the count of the relevant notes in proximity to an extension button.

7. The method of one of the preceding claims, further comprising:

determining whether the user has selected a note preview, retrieving the selected note from the personal database and displaying the selected note to the user.

8. The method of one of the preceding claims, wherein the user has stored notes in the personal database prior to entering the search query.

9. The method of one of the preceding claims, wherein the search query is received via a user entry in a web browser.

10. The method of one of the preceding claims, wherein the notes in the personal database can be searched for using any combination of time, date, geo-location, tags, content attributes or keywords.

11. The method of one of the preceding claims, further comprising:

extracting information from the search result; determining if one or more additional relevant notes exist by comparing the extracted information with the personal database; preparing note previews for the additional relevant notes; and notifying the user of the additional relevant notes.

12. A computer software product comprising executable code, which when executed by at least one processor implements the method of one of the preceding claims.

13. A computer-readable storage medium storing the computer program of claim 12.

14. A computing system comprising at least one processor and memory coupled to the processor, the memory storing the computer program of claim 12.
FIG. 2

START

VISITOR VISITS WEBSITE

OBTAIN NORMALIZED SITE INFORMATION

COMPARE NORMALIZED SITE INFORMATION WITH NOTE INFORMATION

RELEVANT NOTES EXIST?

NO

YES

PREPARE NOTE PREVIEWS

DISPLAY, OR OTHERWISE NOTIFY VISITOR OF, NOTE PREVIEWS

HAS VISITOR REQUESTED A NOTE?

NO

YES

DISPLAY RELEVANT NOTE

END
FIG. 3

START

VISITOR VISITS SEARCH WEBSITE

ACCEPT SEARCH QUERY INPUT

EXTRACT SEARCH QUERY TERMS

COMPARE SEARCH QUERY TERMS WITH NOTE INFORMATION

RELEVANT NOTES EXIST?

PREPARE NOTE PREVIEWS

ANALYZE SEARCH QUERY RESULTS TO OBTAIN SEARCH RESULT SITE INFO

COMPARE RESULT INFO WITH NOTE INFO

ADD'L RELEVANT NOTES EXIST?

HAS VISITOR REQUESTED A NOTE?

DISPLAY RELEVANT NOTE

PREPARE NOTE PREVIEWS

DISPLAY, OR OTHERWISE NOTIFY VISITOR, OF NOTE PREVIEWS

END

ANY RELEVANT NOTES EXIST?

NO

YES

NO

YES
Clip to Evernote

Clip from Ron's Evernote Tips

Title
Ron's Evernote Tips

Source: http://evernote.tumblr.com/post/846741968/make-a-packing-list-in-evernote...

Assign Tags

Suggested Tags: personal

Add text

Suggested Notebook:
- Ron's Evernote Tips
- Existing Notebooks:
  - seth's notebook

Clip Cancel Close when done

Clips from Ron's Evernote Tips (2)
FIG. 5
FIG. 7

START

VISITOR CLICKS ON-SITE CLIPPING BUTTON

VISITOR LOGGED-IN?

NO

VISITOR REGISTERED FOR SERVICE?

NO

PROVIDE VISITOR LOG-IN PROCESSING

A

LOG-IN SUCCESSFUL?

YES

CLIP CONTENT

VISITOR FILLS-IN OR OVERWITNES CLIPPING PARAMETERS

SAVE NOTE

END

A

A

A

A

A

A
Site Memory works best when you tell it what to clip. You do this by identifying the ID of the HTML element on your page that contains your content. For example, on this page, content is contained within the element `<div id="content">`, so we would enter content in the field below.

**Content to clip**

---

**Site name**
Name that will be displayed in the Site Memory window. If left blank, it will be your domain name. Learn more

**Suggested notebook for clips**
Suggest a destination notebook for your content. The notebook will be created if it does not exist. Learn more

**Evernote referral code**
Your Evernote Affiliate Program referral code or API consumer key. You can leave this blank, or become an affiliate.

Show advanced note-specific options

---

**Button Preview**

Click the Site Memory button to test your settings.

```html
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The present search report has been drawn up for all claims

Place of search: Munich
Date of completion of the search: 22 December 2017
Examiner: Wienold, Norbert

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