MOBILE PHONE INTERNET FLOW COUNTING AND DISPLAYING METHOD, DEVICE, AND MOBILE PHONE

Embodiments of the present invention disclose an apparatus for measuring and displaying Internet traffic of a mobile phone, including a traffic measuring module and a traffic displaying module, and the apparatus also includes a SIM card account creating module configured to create a SIM card account for each SIM card respectively; the traffic measuring module measures the Internet traffic of each SIM card account respectively; and the traffic displaying module displays the Internet traffic of each SIM card account respectively. According to the embodiments of the present invention, the Internet traffic of each SIM card on the mobile phone may be measured and displayed respectively.

![Flowchart Diagram]

**FIG. 1**
Description

[0001] This application claims priority to Chinese Patent Application No. 201010000578.9, filed with the Chinese Patent Office on January 12, 2010, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates to the field of mobile phone terminal technologies, and in particular, to a method, an apparatus, and a mobile phone for measuring and displaying Internet traffic of a mobile phone.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] With the development of 3G technologies, it is increasingly popular to surf the Internet by using a mobile phone. A user hopes to query Internet traffic. For example, the user subscribes to a monthly Internet-surfing package service and may enjoy a total of 1000 MB Internet traffic. A charge for excess of the traffic is high. Therefore, the user hopes to know current Internet traffic to control subsequent Internet traffic so as to save an expense. Currently, the user may query the Internet traffic by logging in to a Web site of an operator such as China Mobile or China Unicom and entering keywords such as a mobile phone number and personal information, or dial a customer service number or send a short message to know the Internet traffic. However, these methods are all cumbersome, and in order to simplify the operational process of the user, some mobile phones integrate a function of querying the Internet traffic. Specifically, an Internet traffic measuring module is disposed in a mobile phone, and the module implements a function of Internet traffic measurement by counting the Internet traffic. The user does not need to perform querying to the operator, and may view a using condition of the Internet traffic simply by using the user’s own mobile phone, which is very convenient. However, during the research, the inventor discovers that the Internet traffic measurement function on a mobile phone performs the measurement only for the mobile phone at present, but currently more and more users use two or more SIM cards on one mobile phone, for example, one SIM card is used in office hours, and another SIM card is used at home, or for a dual-mode or multimode mobile phone, multiple SIM cards may be supported simultaneously. In this case, the original Internet traffic measurement based on the mobile phone cannot meet a requirement.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0004] Embodies of the present invention provide a method, an apparatus, and a mobile phone for measuring and displaying Internet traffic of a mobile phone so that the Internet traffic of the mobile phone can be measured and displayed based on SIM cards respectively.

[0005] For the foregoing purpose, embodiments of the present invention adopt the following technical solutions:

An apparatus for measuring and displaying Internet traffic of a mobile phone includes a traffic measuring module, a traffic displaying module, and a SIM card account creating module, where:

- the SIM card account creating module is configured to create a SIM card account for each SIM card respectively;
- the traffic measuring module is configured to measure Internet traffic of each SIM card account respectively; and
- the traffic displaying module is configured to display the Internet traffic of each SIM card account respectively.

A mobile phone for measuring and displaying Internet traffic according to SIM cards includes a traffic measuring module, a traffic displaying module, and a SIM card account creating module, where:

- the SIM card account creating module is configured to create a SIM card account for each SIM card respectively;
- the traffic measuring module is configured to measure Internet traffic of each SIM card account respectively; and
- the traffic displaying module is configured to display the Internet traffic of each SIM card account respectively.

A method for measuring and displaying Internet traffic of a mobile phone includes:

- creating a SIM card account for each SIM card respectively;
- when there is an Internet data stream, determining a SIM card account corresponding to the data stream, and writing Internet traffic of the data stream into the corresponding SIM card account; and
- displaying the Internet traffic according to the SIM card account.

[0006] Therefore, in the embodiments of the present invention, the Internet traffic of each SIM card may be measured and displayed respectively, thereby meeting a requirement of a user.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0007] FIG. 1 is a flowchart of a method for measuring and displaying Internet traffic of a mobile phone according to an embodiment of the present invention;
FIG. 2 is a flowchart of creating a SIM card account according to another embodiment of the present invention;
FIG. 3 is a flowchart of measuring traffic according to another embodiment of the present invention;
FIG. 4 is a flowchart of displaying traffic according to another embodiment of the present invention; and
FIG. 5 is a schematic diagram of an apparatus for measuring and displaying Internet traffic of a mobile phone according to an embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

[0008] In view of a situation where one mobile phone has multiple SIM cards, in the embodiments of the present invention, Internet traffic of each SIM card is measured respectively to meet a requirement of a user for performing traffic measurement for each SIM card, thereby better meeting the requirement of the user.

[0009] FIG. 1 is a flowchart of a method for measuring and displaying Internet traffic of a mobile phone according to the present invention. The method includes the following steps:

S101: Create a SIM card account for each SIM card respectively.
S102: When there is an Internet data stream, determine a SIM card account corresponding to the data stream, and write Internet traffic of the data stream into the corresponding SIM card account.
S103: Display the Internet traffic according to the SIM card account.

Where, S101 includes:

S101a: Extract from each SIM card a unique identity of the SIM card.
S101b: Create a SIM card account corresponding to the unique identity of the SIM card.

[0010] The embodiments of the present invention are described in detail below from each of the stages: creating a SIM card account, measuring Internet traffic, and displaying the Internet traffic.

[0011] FIG. 2 is a flowchart of creating a SIM card account according to another embodiment of the present invention, including:

S201: Insert a SIM card.
S202: Judge whether a SIM card account corresponding to the SIM card already exists or not. If the SIM card account corresponding to the SIM card already exists, perform S203; or else, the process ends.
S203: Create a new SIM card account for the SIM card. Then, the process ends.

[0012] After a mobile phone is powered on, a background program first judges whether there is an account or not according to the SIM card and an Internet data stream on the mobile phone. If there is an account, the process of creating a SIM card account is skipped. Otherwise, a new SIM card account is created in a database.

S301: Judge whether there is an Internet data stream or not. If there is an Internet data stream, perform S302; or else, keep performing S301.
S302: Obtain a unique identity of a current SIM card of a mobile phone (such as a SIM card number or part of fields of the SIM card number or a coding result of the SIM card number).
S303: Write current Internet traffic into a SIM card account corresponding to the unique identity of the SIM card in a database, and then continue to perform S301.

[0013] FIG. 3 is a flowchart of measuring traffic according to another embodiment of the present invention, including:

S401: Obtain traffic of all accounts.
S402: Display the traffic according to accounts respectively.

[0014] A background application keeps monitoring whether there is an Internet data stream or not. If there is no Internet data stream, the background application waits. If there is an Internet data stream, the current SIM card account is first obtained and then the Internet traffic is written into the corresponding SIM card account.

[0015] FIG. 4 is a flowchart of displaying traffic according to another embodiment of the present invention, including:

S401: Obtain traffic of all accounts.
S402: Display the traffic according to accounts respectively.

[0016] An embodiment of the present invention further provides an apparatus for measuring and displaying Internet traffic of a mobile phone. The apparatus may be implemented through software, hardware, or a combination of software and hardware. Specifically, the apparatus is disposed in a mobile phone for a user to query the Internet traffic of each SIM card.

[0017] FIG. 5 shows an apparatus for measuring and displaying Internet traffic of a mobile phone according to an embodiment of the present invention. The apparatus includes a traffic measuring module 501, a traffic displaying module 502, and a SIM card account creating module 503, where:

the SIM card account creating module 503 is configured to create a SIM card account for each SIM card respectively; and
the traffic measuring module 501 measures the Internet traffic of each SIM card account respectively, and the traffic displaying module 502 displays the Internet traffic of each SIM card account respectively.
An apparatus for measuring and displaying Internet traffic of a mobile phone, comprising a traffic measuring module 501 includes:

- a traffic identifying unit 5011, configured to identify a SIM card account corresponding to the current Internet traffic;
- a traffic counting unit 5012, configured to count the traffic; and
- a traffic writing unit 5013, configured to write the Internet traffic measured by the traffic counting unit 5012 into the corresponding SIM card account.

The SIM card account creating module 503 includes: an extracting submodule, configured to extract from each SIM card a unique identity of the SIM card; and a creating submodule, configured to create a SIM card account corresponding to the unique identity of the SIM card.

The traffic measuring module 501 includes:

- a traffic identifying unit 5011, configured to identify a SIM card account corresponding to the current Internet traffic;
- a traffic counting unit 5012, configured to count the traffic; and
- a traffic writing unit 5013, configured to write the Internet traffic measured by the traffic counting unit 5012 into the corresponding SIM card account.

The SIM card account creating module 503 includes: an extracting submodule, configured to extract from each SIM card a unique identity of the SIM card; and a creating submodule, configured to create a SIM card account corresponding to the unique identity of the SIM card.

Claims

1. An apparatus for measuring and displaying Internet traffic of a mobile phone, comprising a traffic measuring module 501 includes:

   - a traffic identifying unit 5011, configured to identify a SIM card account corresponding to the current Internet traffic;
   - a traffic counting unit 5012, configured to count the traffic; and
   - a traffic writing unit 5013, configured to write the Internet traffic measured by the traffic counting unit 5012 into the corresponding SIM card account.

2. The Internet traffic displayed by the traffic displaying module is displayed in MB or by Internet-surfing time.

3. Therefore, in the embodiments of the present invention, the Internet traffic of each SIM card can be measured and displayed respectively, thereby meeting the requirement of the user, where at the time of displaying the traffic, duration may be displayed to the user, for example, Internet-surfing time is displayed, or the amount of used data resources is displayed to the user, for example, that how many megabytes (M) of data resources have been used is displayed.

4. Using an actual example for description, it is assumed that a user uses two SIM cards, that is, SIM 1 and SIM 2, on a mobile phone. Monthly Internet-surfing package services subscribed by the two cards are different, that is, the service subscribed by SIM 1 is 100 minutes of free Internet-surfing time and a high charge for excess of 100 minutes, while the service subscribed by SIM 2 is 1000 MB free traffic and a high charge for excess of 1000 MB Internet traffic. According to the embodiments of the present invention, the Internet traffic may be measured and displayed for SIM 1 and SIM 2 respectively so that the user can view a current Internet-surfing condition of each SIM card in an intuitive manner. For example, the user knows through a query that the Internet-surfing time that has been used currently by SIM 1 in a current month is 90 minutes, and that the traffic that has been currently used by SIM 2 in the current month is 300 MB. Therefore, the user may properly reduce the use of SIM 1 for surfing the Internet and properly increase the use of SIM 2 for surfing the Internet during the subsequent time of the current month, so as to achieve an object of saving an expense.

5. Those of ordinary skill in the art may understand that the processes of the methods of the foregoing embodiments may be completed by relevant hardware instructed by a program. The program may be stored in a readable storage medium. When the program is executed, the corresponding steps in the foregoing methods are performed. The storage medium may be an ROM/RAM, a magnetic disk, a CD-ROM, and so on.

6. The foregoing describes only exemplary embodiments of the present invention. It should be pointed out that for those of ordinary skill in the art, several modifications and improvements may be made without departing from the principle of the present invention, and that these modifications and improvements shall also be deemed to fall within the protection scope of the present invention.
uring module, a traffic displaying module, and a SIM card account creating module, wherein:

1. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the traffic measuring module comprises:

- a traffic identifying unit, configured to identify a SIM card account corresponding to current Internet traffic;
- a traffic counting unit, configured to count the traffic; and
- a traffic writing unit, configured to write the Internet traffic measured by the traffic counting unit into the corresponding SIM card account.

2. The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the traffic measuring module comprises:

- a traffic identifying unit, configured to identify a SIM card account corresponding to current Internet traffic;
- a traffic counting unit, configured to count the traffic; and
- a traffic writing unit, configured to write the Internet traffic measured by the traffic counting unit into the corresponding SIM card account.

3. The apparatus according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the SIM card account creating module comprises:

- an extracting submodule, configured to extract from each SIM card a unique identity of the SIM card;
- a creating submodule, configured to create a SIM card account corresponding to the unique identity of the SIM card.

4. The apparatus according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the Internet traffic displayed by the traffic displaying module is displayed by data resource amount or Internet-surfing duration.

5. A mobile phone for measuring and displaying Internet traffic according to SIM cards, comprising a traffic measuring module, a traffic displaying module, and a SIM card account creating module, wherein:

- the SIM card account creating module is configured to create a SIM card account for each SIM card respectively;
- the traffic measuring module is configured to measure Internet traffic of each SIM card account respectively; and
- the traffic displaying module is configured to display the Internet traffic of each SIM card account respectively.

6. A method for measuring and displaying Internet traffic of a mobile phone, comprising:

- creating a SIM card account for each SIM card respectively;
- when there is an Internet data stream, determining a SIM card account corresponding to the data stream, and writing Internet traffic of the data stream into the corresponding SIM card account; and
- displaying the Internet traffic according to the SIM card account.

7. The method according to claim 6, wherein the creating a SIM card account for each SIM card respectively comprises:

- extracting from each SIM card a unique identity of the SIM card; and
- creating a SIM card account corresponding to the unique identity of the SIM card.

8. The apparatus according to claim 6, wherein the displayed Internet traffic is displayed by data resource amount or Internet-surfing duration.
Start

Create a SIM card account for each SIM card respectively

When there is an Internet data stream, determine a SIM card account corresponding to the data stream, and write Internet traffic of the data stream into the corresponding SIM card account

Display the Internet traffic according to the SIM card account

End

FIG. 1
FIG. 2

Start

Insert a SIM card

S201

Judge whether a SIM card account corresponding to the SIM card already exists

Yes

No

S202

S203

Create a new SIM card account for the SIM card

End

FIG. 3

Start

Judge whether there is an Internet data stream

No

Yes

S301

S302

S303

Obtain a unique identity of a current SIM card of a mobile phone

Write the current Internet traffic into a SIM card account corresponding to the unique identity of the SIM card in a database
FIG. 4

Start

Obtain traffic of all accounts S401

Display the traffic according to the accounts respectively S402

End

FIG. 5

Traffic measuring module 501

Traffic counting unit 5012

Traffic identifying unit 5011

SIM card account creating module 503

Traffic writing unit 5013

Traffic displaying module 502
**INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT**

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

H04M1/247(2006.01)

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC: H04M, H04W

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used):

DWPI, SIOPADS, CNABS, CNKI: mobile, portable, terminal, phone, telephone, handset, cellular, internet, flow, traffic, SIM, account, identity, count+, dual, two, couple, multiple, dual mode, dual card, multi mode

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Category*</th>
<th>Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages</th>
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<td>PX</td>
<td>CN101800792A (HUWAEI DEVICE CO., LTD.) 11 Aug 2010 (11.08.2010) abstract, claims 1-8</td>
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☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☑ See patent family annex.

*Special categories of cited documents:

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“E” earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date

“L” document which may throw doubts on priority claim (S) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)

“O” document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

“P” document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

“T” later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

“X” document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

“Y” document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art

“&” document member of the same patent family

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### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT
Information on patent family members

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International application No.
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Form PCT/ISA/210 (patent family annex) (July 2009)
REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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Patent documents cited in the description

• CN 201010000578 [0001]