Front vehicle body structure

Front vehicle body structure (10) includes a front sub frame (16) disposed under and fixedly connected to left and right side frames (11, 12), and a steering gear box (18) is mounted on the front sub frame to extend transversely along the width of the vehicle body. The body structure also has support portions (44, 45, 46) provided in left-right symmetrical arrangement on the front sub frame, and the steering gear box is mounted on the support portions via respective bushes.
Disclosure of the Invention

[0006] It is therefore a first object of the present invention to provide an improved front vehicle body structure which can minimize a difference in toe angle change between left and right wheels caused by braking loads, and which can secure a sufficient rigidity of the front sub frame without increasing the number of necessary component parts.

[0007] In order to accomplish the above-mentioned object, the present invention provides an improved front vehicle body structure, which comprises: a front sub frame disposed under and fixed to left and right side frames, a steering gear box being mounted on the front sub frame to extend in a vehicle width direction; and at least three support portions provided in left-right symmetrical arrangement on the front sub frame, the steering gear box being mounted on the support portions via bushings.

[0008] Because the steering gear box is mounted on the support portions provided in left-right symmetrical relation to each other, loads applied from left and right lower arms of left and right suspensions to the front sub frame can be borne uniformly by the steering gear box. This, when loads are applied from the left and right suspensions to left and right tie rods, the left and right tie rods can be caused to move the same amount. As a result, the present invention can minimize a difference in toe angle change between left and right wheels caused by braking loads. Further, because the loads applied from the left and right lower arms to the front sub frame can be borne uniformly by the steering gear box, the steering gear box can function also as a reinforcing member. Thus, there is no need to provide a cross member as a separate reinforcing member, so that the present invention can secure a sufficient rigidity of the front sub frame without increasing the number of necessary component parts.

[0009] Preferably, the support portions comprise left, right and middle support portions, the left and right support portions being provided in left-right symmetrical relation to each other with respect to the middle support portion.

[0010] In a preferred form, the left and right lower arms of the left and right suspensions are connected to left and right lower-arm mounting portions, respectively, of the front sub frame, the left and right lower-arm mounting portions being located near where the front sub frame is fixed to the left and right side frames. In this way, the left and right lower-arm mounting portions can be reinforced with the left and right side frames, so that a sufficient rigidity of the left and right lower-arm mounting portions can be secured.

[0011] In an embodiment, the middle support portion is located at a substantial middle position, in a left-right
direction, of the vehicle body, and the front vehicle body structure further includes a support member connected to the front sub frame to be located forwardly of the middle support portion for supporting a power source. Thus, a load applied from the support member to the front sub frame can be efficiently transmitted to the middle support portion. Because the steering gear box is mounted on the middle support portion, the load transmitted to the middle support portion can be efficiently borne by the steering gear box.

Brief Description of Drawings

[0012]

Fig. 1 is a plan view showing a front vehicle body structure according to an embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a perspective view of the front vehicle body structure of Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 is an exploded perspective view of the front vehicle body structure; and

Figs. 4A and 4B are views explanatory of how loads transmitted to a front sub frame are borne by a steering gear box in the embodiment of the present invention.

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

[0013] In the following description, the terms "front", "rear", "left" and "right" are used to refer to directions as viewed from a human operator or driver.

[0014] Fig. 1 is a plan view showing a front vehicle body structure 10 according to an embodiment of the present invention. The front vehicle body structure 10 includes: left and right side frames 11 and 12; a left suspension 13 disposed laterally outwardly of the left side frame 11; a right suspension 14 disposed laterally outwardly of the right side frame 12; a front sub frame 16; a left front mounting portion 36 and left rear mounting portion 37 are fixedly connected to the left and right side frames 11 and 12; and a steering gear box 18 mounted on an upper portion 16a of the front sub frame 16.

Further, in the front vehicle body structure 10, a left lower arm 21 of the left suspension 13 is connected to a left end portion of the front sub frame 16, a right lower arm 22 of the right suspension 14 is connected to a right end portion of the front sub frame 16, and a power source 23 is provided in front of the front sub frame 16.

Left wheel 25 is mounted, via a hub (not shown), to a knuckle (not shown) of the left suspension 13. Right wheel 26 is mounted, via a hub (not shown), to a knuckle 27 of the right suspension 14.

The power source 23 is an engine/transmission unit transversely mounted between the left and right side frames 11 and 12 and comprises an engine 28 and a transmission 29.

The power source 23 is mounted to the left side frame 11 via a left mounting bracket 31 and to the right side frame 12 via a right mounting bracket 32, and it is connected to the front sub frame 16 via a support rod (support member) 33.

[0019] Fig. 2 is a perspective view of the front vehicle body structure 10, and Fig. 3 is an exploded perspective view of the front vehicle body structure 10.

[0020] The front sub frame 16, which has a substantially rectangular shape as viewed in plan, has a left front mounting portion 36 and left rear mounting portions 37 and 47 as portions connected to the left side frame 11 and a right front mounting portion 38 and right rear mounting portions 39 and 49 as portions connected to the right side frame 12. The front sub frame 16 also has a left arm mounting portion (i.e., left-lower-arm mounting portion) 41 provided near the left front mounting portion 36, and a right arm mounting portion (i.e., right-lower-arm mounting portion) 42 provided near the right front mounting portion 36. The front sub frame 16 also has a support portion 46, left and right support portions 44 and 45 and a connection section 48 that are all formed on the upper portion 16a. The support portions 44 and 46 are disposed in left-right symmetrical arrangement with the left and right support portions 44 and 45 positioned in left-right symmetrical relation to each other with respect to the support portion 46.

[0021] The left front mounting portion 36 extends toward the left side of the vehicle body with an upward slope, and the left rear mounting portion 37 extends toward the left side of the vehicle body. The left front mounting portion 36 and left rear mounting portion 37 are fixedly connected to the left side frame 11 by means of bolts 51.

[0022] The right front mounting portion 38 extends toward the right side of the vehicle body with an upward slope, and the right rear mounting portion 39 extends toward the right side of the vehicle body. The right front mounting portion 38 and right rear mounting portion 39 are fixedly connected to the right side frame 12 by means of bolts 52.

[0023] In the aforementioned manner, the front sub frame 16 is fixedly connected to the undersides of the left and right side frames 11 and 12.

[0024] The left lower arm 21, which constitutes part of the left front suspension 13 of Fig. 1, is vertically pivotably connected at its proximal end portion 21a to the left arm mounting portion 41 that is in turn mounted near the front side of the left front mounting portion 36. The left knuckle (not shown) is pivotably mounted on a distal end portion of the left lower arm 21, and the left wheel 25 of Fig. 1 is mounted, via the hub (not shown), to the left knuckle.

[0025] The right lower arm 22, which constitutes part of the right front suspension 14 of Fig. 1, is vertically pivotably connected at its proximal end portion 22a to the right arm mounting portion 42 that is in turn mounted near the front side of the right front mounting portion 38. The right knuckle 27 is pivotably mounted on a distal end portion 22b of the right lower arm 22, and the right wheel 26 of Fig. 1 is mounted, via the hub, to the right knuckle 27.

[0026] In the aforementioned manner, the left lower
arm 21 is connected to the left arm mounting portion 41 of the front sub frame 16, and the right lower arm 22 is connected to the right arm mounting portion 42. Thus, when the left and right front wheels 25 and 26 are braked during travel of the vehicle, loads acting in the width direction of the vehicle body are applied to the front sub frame 16 by way of the left and right lower arms 21 and 22.

[0027] With the left arm mounting portion 41 mounted near the front side of the left front mounting portion 36 and the right arm mounting portion 42 mounted near the front side of the right front mounting portion 38, the left and right arm mounting portions 41 and 42 can be reinforced with the left and right side frames 11 and 12 and thus can have a sufficient rigidity.

[0028] Of the three support portions 44—46 provided on the upper portion 16a of the front sub frame 16, the left support portion 44 is disposed in front of a box body 19 that forms of a casing of the steering gear box 18. The left support portion 44 is an upwardly bulging portion located near the left front mounting portion 36 and left arm mounting portion 41. Mounting hole 44a is formed centrally through the left support portion 44, and a nut (not shown) is welded to the underside surface of the left support portion 44 coaxially with the mounting hole 44a.

[0029] The right support portion 45 is an upwardly bulging portion located near the right front mounting portion 38 and right arm mounting portion 42. Mounting hole 45a is formed centrally through the right support portion 45, and a nut (not shown) is welded to the underside surface of the right support portion 45 coaxially with the mounting hole 45a. Similarly to the left support portion 44, the right support portion 45 is disposed in front of the box body 19 of the steering gear box 18.

[0030] The middle support portion 46 is provided substantially on a longitudinal centerline of the vehicle body and thus is located in a substantial middle position, in the left-right direction, of the vehicle body. The middle support portion 46 has a mounting hole 46a formed centrally through, and a nut (not shown) is welded to the underside surface of the middle support portion 46 coaxially with the mounting hole 46a. The middle support portion 46 is disposed rearwardly of the box body 19 of the steering gear box 18.

[0031] The steering gear box 18 is mounted to the left and right support portions 44 and 45 and the middle support portion 46. The steering gear box 18 has: the box body 19 accommodating a steering gear 17 of Fig. 2 etc.; a mounting member 33 connected to the front sub frame 16; a left mounting piece 56 projecting toward the front of the vehicle body from a left end portion 19a of the box body 19; a right mounting piece 57 projecting toward the left side of the vehicle body from a right end portion 19b of the box body 19; and a middle mounting piece 58 projecting toward the rear of the vehicle body from a middle portion 19c of the box body 19. The box body 19 is in the form of a cylindrical case.

[0032] Cylindrical bush 56a is fitted in a mounting hole of the left mounting piece 56. Bolt 61 is inserted through the cylindrical bush 56a and mounting hole 44a of the left support portion 44 and screwed into a nut (not shown) provide for the left support portion 44.

[0033] Cylindrical bush 57a is fitted in a mounting hole of the right mounting piece 57. Bolt 62 is inserted through the cylindrical bush 57a and mounting hole 45a of the right support portion 45 and screwed into a nut (not shown) provide for the right support portion 45.

[0034] Further, a cylindrical bush 58a is fitted in a mounting hole of the middle mounting piece 58. Bolt 63 is inserted through the cylindrical bush 58a and mounting hole 46a of the middle support portion 46 and screwed into a nut (not shown) provide for the middle support portion 46.

[0035] The steering gear box 18 (box body 19) is mounted transversely on the upper portion 16a of the front sub frame 16 via the bushes 56a, 657a and 58a. Steering wheel 67 is mounted on a steering shaft 66 extending from the steering gear box 18 (box body 19). Thus, when loads are applied from the left and right front suspensions 13 and 14 to the left and right tie rods 68 and 69, the left and right tie rods 68 and 69 can be caused to move by the same amount, so that it is possible to minimize a difference in toe angle change between the left and right wheels caused by the braking loads.

[0039] Further, because loads acting on the front sub frame 16 by way of the left and right lower arms 21 and 22 can be borne uniformly by the steering gear box 18, the steering gear box 18 can function also as a reinforcing member. Thus, there is no need to provide a cross member as a separate reinforcing member, so that the instant embodiment can secure a sufficient rigidity of the front sub frame 16 without increasing the number of necessary component parts.

[0040] The connection section 48 is formed on the upper portion 16a of the front sub frame 16 and located forwardly of the middle support portion 46. The support member 33 is connected to the front sub frame 16 to be located forwardly of the middle support portion 46, so as to support the power source 23. The connection section 48 has an upper mounting bracket 71 located forwardly of the middle support portion 46, and has an accommo-
[0041] To the connection section 48 located forwardly of the middle support portion 46 is fixedly connected a rear end portion 33a of the support rod 33 supporting the power source 23. Namely, a bolt 75 is inserted through a mounting hole 71a of the upper mounting bracket 71, mounting hole 73 of the rear end portion 33a and mounting hole 16b of the upper portion 16a and screwed into a nut (not shown). Thus, the rear end portion 33a of the support rod 33 connected to the connection section 48 is accommodated in the accommodating space 72.

[0042] The support rod 33 is connected at its front end portion 33b to the power source 23 via a mounting bracket 77. Thus, the power source 23 can be supported by a middle region of a front portion 16c of the front sub frame 16 via the support rod 33.

[0043] Because the connection section 48 is located forwardly of the middle support portion 46 as noted above, loads transmitted to the middle region of the front portion 16c of the front sub frame 16 can be delivered to the middle support portion 46 and efficiently borne by the steering gear box 18 (box body 19).

[0044] With reference to Figs. 4A and 4B, the following paragraphs describe how loads transmitted to the front sub frame 16 of the front vehicle body structure 10 are borne in the instant embodiment.

[0045] When the left and right front wheels 25 and 26 are braked, a load F1 acts on (or is applied to) the left arm mounting portion 41 of the front sub frame 16 by way of the left lower arm 21 while a load F1 acts on (or is applied to) the right arm mounting portion 42 of the front sub frame 16 by way of the right lower arm 22, as shown in Fig. 4A.

[0046] With the left arm mounting portion 41 disposed near the front side of the left front mounting portion 36, the left arm mounting portion 41 is reinforced with the left side frame 11 (see Fig. 2). Thus, the load (reactive force) F1 applied to the left arm mounting portion 41 can be transmitted as indicated by arrow A. Part of the load (reactive force) F1 transmitted as indicated by arrow A is delivered to the steering gear box 18 by way of the left support portion 44 and borne by the steering gear box 18.

[0047] Similarly, with the right arm mounting portion 42 disposed near the front side of the right front mounting portion 38, the right arm mounting portion 42 is reinforced with the right side frame 12. Thus, the load (reactive force) F1 applied to the right arm mounting portion 42 can be transmitted as indicated by arrow B. Part of the load (reactive force) F1 transmitted as indicated by arrow B is delivered to the steering gear box 18 by way of the right support portion 45 and borne by the steering gear box 18.

[0048] Because the steering gear box 18 is mounted...
Industrial Applicability

[0055] The front vehicle body structure of the present invention is well suited for use in automotive vehicles having a steering gear box provided on a front sub frame disposed under left and right side frames.

Claims

1. A front vehicle body structure (10) comprising:
   - left and right side frames (11, 12);
   - a front sub frame (16) disposed under and fixed to said left and right side frames (11, 12);
   - a steering gear box (18) mounted on said front sub frame (16) to extend in a vehicle width direction; and
   - at least three support portions (44, 45, 46) provided in left-right symmetrical arrangement on said front sub frame (16), for mounting the steering gear box (18),
   wherein said support portions (44, 45, 46) comprise left, right and middle support portions (44, 45, 46), the left and right support portions (44, 45) being provided in left-right symmetrical relation to each other with respect to the middle support portion (46), and
   wherein said front sub frame (16) includes left and right lower-arm mounting portions (41, 42) for mounting left and right lower arms (21, 22) for front suspensions (13, 14), and left and right front-sub-frame mounting portions (36, 38) for mounting said front sub frame (16) to said left and right side frames (11, 12), respectively,
   characterized in that said left and right lower-arm mounting portions (41, 42) are disposed near and forwardly of said front-sub-frame mounting portions (36, 38), respectively, and
   said left and right support portions (44, 45) are formed near said left and right lower-arm mounting portions (41, 42) in an upwardly bulging manner, respectively.

2. The front vehicle body structure of claim 1, wherein said left and right support portions (44, 45) are located forwardly of a body of said steering gear box (18), and said middle support portion (46) is located rearwardly of said steering gear box (18).

3. The front vehicle body structure of claim 2, wherein said middle support portion (46) is located at a substantial middle position, in a left-right direction, of the vehicle body, and the structure further comprises a support member (33) connected to said front sub frame (16) to be located forwardly of the middle support portion (46) for supporting a power source (23).

4. The front vehicle body structure of claim 1, wherein said steering gear box (18) is connected to said at least three support portions (44, 45, 46) via bushes (56a, 57a, 58a).
## DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

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<tr>
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**TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC)**

- B62D

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The present search report has been drawn up for all claims

**Place of search**

- The Hague

**Date of completion of the search**

- 5 September 2011

**Examiner**

- Westland, Paul

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