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(54) Communication terminal having exchangeable parts
   Kommunikationsgerät mit auswechselbaren Elementen
   Terminal de communication avec des éléments interchangeables

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Description

[0001] The invention relates to a communication terminal having exchangeable parts. Hereby the user is able to replace e.g. one front cover with another front cover having another colour or design pattern. The user is therefore able to personalize his phone to give it a distinctive outer appearance.

[0002] During recent years it has become still more popular to exchange covers of phones in order to change the aesthetic appearance of the phone. Basically this started with the phone sold under the trade name Nokia 2110™. Later on the phone sold under the trade name Nokia 3120™.

[0003] WO-A-9744912 describes a mobile telephone having an interchangeable front cover which contains a keypad, display, speaker, microphone and antenna connections. The front cover includes a program selector for indicating a selected program configuration. A detection circuit, on a printed circuit board contained, detects the program selector and generates a configuration signal. The programmable controller is responsive to the configuration signal to configure the control program according to the selected program configuration.

[0004] US-A-5848152 discloses a communications device, such as portable radiotelephone handset, having inter-changeable faceplates. At least one of the faceplates includes a moveable element, such as a keypad cover. A sensor, such as a switch, detects the presence of the moveable element and provides a detection signal to a controller which varies operation of the communications device in response thereto.

[0005] According to a first aspect of the present invention there is provided a main housing of a communications terminal, the housing including a processor, a display and a plurality of switches for a keypad, the housing configured to be covered by a user-exchangeable front cover including a plurality of keys for actuating said switches and means for identifying the cover to the processor, the identifying means including a controller and memory operatively connected to the controller, the processor configured to communicate with the controller and to control operation of the display and to interpret actuation of said switches in dependence upon the identity of the front cover.

[0006] According to a second aspect of the present invention there is provided a communications terminal comprising a main housing including a processor, a display and a plurality of switches and a user-exchangeable front cover for the main housing, the front cover including a plurality of keys for actuating said switches and means for identifying the cover to the processor, the processor configured to control operation of the display and to interpret actuation of said switches in dependence upon the identity of the front cover, the identifying means including a controller, memory operatively connected to the controller.

[0007] The processor may be configured to display functionality of at least one of the keys in the display in dependence upon the identity of the front cover. The identifying means may include a first connector part integrated in the user-exchangeable front cover for the terminal and said first connector part may communicate with a second connector part integrated in the main housing of the terminal. The first connector part may have a mechanical interface and said second connector part may have means for sensing said mechanical interface. The mechanical interface of the first connector part may be provided as at least one projection that in the assembled conditions is biased towards at least one corresponding microswitch of the second connector part.

[0008] The terminal may comprise a locking mechanism for the user-exchangeable front cover, such as a locking mechanism used in a Nokia 3210™ phone or a Nokia 5110™ phone.

[0009] According to a third aspect of the present invention there is provided a method of operating a communications terminal comprising a main housing including a processor, a display and a plurality of switches for a keypad and a user-exchangeable front cover for the main housing, the front cover including a plurality of keys for actuating said switches and means for identifying the cover to the processor, the identifying means including a controller and memory operatively connected to the controller, the method comprising determining whether a user has changed the front cover, determining whether a front cover has been mounted, identifying the front cover, communicating with the controller and controlling operation of the display and interpreting actuation of said switches in dependence upon the identity of the front cover.

[0010] For a better understanding of the present invention and to understand how the same may be brought into effect reference will now be made by way of example only to the accompanying drawings in which:-

Fig. 1 illustrates a preferred embodiment of a hand portable phone according to the invention.
Fig. 2 schematically shows the essential parts of a telephone for communication with a cellular network.
Fig. 3 shows in a front view a first front cover having a first key layout for the phone shown in fig. 1.
Fig. 4 shows in a front view a second front cover having a second key layout for the phone shown in fig. 1.
Fig. 5 shows in a front view a switch layout supporting both the first and the second key layout shown in fig. 3 and 4, respectively.
Fig. 6 shows in perspective the second keymat of the phone shown in fig. 4.
Fig. 7 shows in perspective the first keymat of the phone shown in fig. 3.
Fig. 8 shows a cross section of a key in one of the keymats shown in fig. 6 and 7.
Fig. 9 illustrates the software architecture in a cellular phone according to a preferred embodiment of the invention.
Fig. 10 shows schematically the interface between the identification unit and the processor used in a communication or computing terminal according to the invention.

Fig. 11 shows schematically a preferred embodiment of the identification unit used in a communication or computing terminal according to the invention.

Fig. 12 is a flow chart illustrating the decision process performed by the processor in a preferred embodiment of a communication or computing terminal according to the invention.

[0011] Fig. 1 shows a preferred embodiment of a phone according to the invention, and it will be seen that the phone, which is generally designated by 1, comprises a user interface having a keypad 2, a display 3, an on/off button 4 (fig. 3), a speaker 5 (only openings are shown in fig. 1), and a microphone 6 (only openings are shown in fig. 1). The phone 1 according to the preferred embodiment is adapted for communication via a cellular network, but could have been designed for a cordless network as well.

[0012] According to the first embodiment shown in fig. 1 and 3, the keypad 2 has a first group 7 of keys including twelve alphanumeric keys. In addition to this the keypad 2 has two soft keys 8, a scroll key 10 for navigating the cursor in the display 3, a key 11 for switching between numbers and letters for the twelve alphanumeric keys in the first group 7 of keys, a "clear key" 9 for clearing one or more letters from the display, and two call handling keys 15 for establishing and terminating a call, respectively. The present functionality of the two soft keys 8 are shown in separate fields in the display 3 just above the two soft keys 8. This key layout is characteristic of e.g. the Nokia 2110™ phone and the Nokia 3810™ phone.

[0013] According to the second embodiment shown in fig. 4, the keypad 2 has a first group 7 of keys including twelve alphanumeric keys. In addition to this the keypad 2 has a single soft key 8, a scroll key 10 for navigating the cursor in the display 3, and a "clear key" 9 for clearing one or more letters from the display 3. In this embodiment the single soft key 8 handles the call handling. The present functionality of the single soft key 8 are shown in a separate field in the display 3 just above the soft key 8. This key layout is characteristic of e.g. the Nokia 3110™ phone, the Nokia 3210™ phone, and the Nokia 5110™ phone.

[0014] The phone includes exchangeable front covers 21, 22, whereby the user has the possibility to switch between e.g. the front covers 21 and 22 shown in fig. 3 and 4, respectively. This means that the user may select to use his preferred key layout in his phone. The locking mechanism for the exchangeable front covers 21, 22 will not be explained in details, but the solutions used in the Nokia 3210™ phone or the Nokia 5110™ phone will be applicable.

[0015] Fig. 2 schematically shows the most important parts of a preferred embodiment of the phone, said parts being essential to the understanding of the invention. The preferred embodiment of the phone of the invention is adapted for use in connection with the GSM 900MHz and GSM 1800 MHz network, but, of course, the invention may also be applied in connection with other cellular phone networks or cordless networks. A processor 18 controls the communication with the network via a transmitter/receiver circuit 19 and an antenna 20.

[0016] The microphone 6 transforms the user’s speech into analog signals, and the analog signals formed thereby are A/D converted in an A/D converter (not shown) before the speech is encoded in an audio part 14. The encoded speech signal is transferred to the processor 18, which i.e. supports the GSM terminal software. The audio part 14 decodes the signal, which is transferred from the processor 18 to the earpiece 5 via a D/A converter (not shown).

[0017] The processor 18 also forms the interface to the peripheral units of the apparatus, including a RAM memory 17a and a Flash ROM memory 17b, a SIM card 16, the display 3 via an LCD driver 13, the keypad 2, and an identification unit 20 (as well as data, power supply, etc.).

[0018] As disclosed in one earlier patent application GB 9903258.3 filed 12. February 1999 by the assignee the keys 40 (see fig. 6, 7 and 8) in the keymat 43, 44 are formed integrally by deep drawing a plastic foil 42 and filling the cavities with a suitable plastic material in order to provide actuation taps for closing switches on the Printed Circuit Board of the phone when the key is depressed. Each key 40 is provided with one tap 41 and in the preferred embodiment the scroll keys 10 is provided with two taps 41 in order to indicate whether the cursor should be moved upwards or downwards.

[0019] The position 101-120 of the switches on the Printed Circuit Board (PCB) is indicated in fig. 5. The table below illustrates the relation between the position of the switches on the PCB and the functionality of the keys of the phone shown in fig 3 and 4, respectively.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position No.</th>
<th>Functionality of switch in the fig. 3 key layout.</th>
<th>Functionality of switch in the fig. 4 key layout.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>101</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Soft-key/ Multi functionality key</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102</td>
<td>Soft-key/ Multi functionality key</td>
<td>Scroll up</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>103</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Soft-key/ Multi functionality key</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
It is seen from table 1 how a common switch layout (fig. 5) may serve different key layouts (fig. 3 and fig. 4). In order give the processor 18 a possibility to recognize the present key layout determined by releasable housing part assembly, e.g. the exchangeable front cover 21, 22 and the associated key pad 43, 44, it communicates with an identification means, such as the identification unit 20, included in the housing part assembly for identifying the housing part assembly. The processor 18 controls the terminal and the display means in dependence of the identified housing part assembly.

A preferred embodiment for the interface between the identification unit 20 and the processor 18 is schematically shown in fig. 10. A connector including two connector part 23 and 25 is provided in the mechanical interface (marked with a dotted line) between the phone and the exchangeable front cover 21, 22. The first connector part 23 in the phone is provided with a number of resilient legs 24 (in the preferred embodiment six legs) for establishing a reliable electrical connection with metallic pads on the second connector part 25 integrated in the exchangeable front cover 21, 22. This kind of connectors are presently used for SIM card connections and a connector from the company Amphenol-Tuchel having the part number C707 10M006 0762 may be used for this purpose. The second connector part 25 has basically a plurality of pads (in the preferred embodiment six pads) being connected to the identification unit 20. When the processor 18 asks the identification unit 20 about the key layout the identification unit 20 responds and the processor interprets the closing of the switches according to this information.

A preferred embodiment of the identification unit 20 will be explained with reference to fig. 11. For this embodiment the identification unit 20 acts as an almost complete computer system communicating with the phone via the connector 23, 25. The core of the identification unit 20 is the controller 31 (a microprocessor usually called CPU). The CPU is able to execute an instruction set that ultimately defines the capabilities of the card. Preferably the instruction set is permanently wired into the memories of the identification unit 20. Higher level functions are permanently stored in the memory, indicating to the CPU what to do, when, and how to do it. These functions could be considered as being the operating system of the identification unit 20. The controller 31 always takes care of the memory management for the memories on the exchangeable front cover 21, 22. Any external (from the phone) access to the card memory or functions is performed through the CPU (controller 31). The operating system of the identification unit 20 is also used to define executable functions eventually stored in the user/application memory 36.

Furthermore the identification unit 20 includes a memory area 33 including memories 34-36, protection circuits 39, a reset circuit 32, a clock 37 and input-output means 38 (including the terminal pads of the connector 25). All these...
units may communicate via a common bus 30 and the controller 31 may communicate with the processor 18 in the phone 1 via the connector 23, 25.

[0024] The user/application memory 36 is protected by the controller 31, which filters the data flow, manages data storage and reading, and runs preprogrammed executable functions. All the information required by the processor 18 is stored in the user/application memory 36. In a preferred embodiment of the invention the communication between the processor and the identification unit 20 is secure based on public key encryption.

[0025] The software architecture shown in fig. 9 is known as Intelligent Software Architecture (ISA), and the software architecture is used in terminal, e.g. a cellular phone, according to a preferred embodiment of the invention. An Operating System 80 has a Communication Manager 82 controlled by the processor 18. The Communication Manager 82 handles the communication between a number of Applications 81 and a number of Servers 83.

[0026] The Applications 81.1-81k and 81.(k+1)-81.n, and the Servers 83.1-83.m communicate under control from the Communication Manager 82. The Applications 81 uses the services from one or more Servers 83 to build features, and to present the features to the user via the UI panels.

[0027] A Server 83 controls a resource and provides an interface that allows other entities to access the controlled resource. The Servers 83 controls, e.g. the UI setting, the audio, the ID of the releasable part and the accessed cellular network, but only access the resource when requested via the Communication Manager 82. A server may use services provided by one or more other servers as a part of its own services, but the server does not present information to the user via the UI panels.

[0028] A Subsystem 84 is an autonomous part of the MCU SW, with a special service interface to the other Subsystems 84. These Subsystems 84 may include a number of subsystems 84.1-84.p, such as GSM SW 84.1, SIM SW 84.2, and Energy Management 84.p.

[0029] The Hardware Drivers 85 are the interface to the Hardware Resources 86 of the phone. According to a preferred embodiment the processor 18 requests ID information from the identification unit 20 via the appropriate driver 89, and when this ID information is received the processor 18 checks the ID by means of ID control server Servers 83.2. When the ID of the releasable part is accepted the UI application 82.1 uses the appropriate UI style server 83.1-83.k for controlling the keyboard and the display in a proper way according to the identified front cover part.

[0030] It is essential for the invention that the software for operating the terminal is stored inside the terminal and that the identity unit just informs the processor 18 about the software applications and servers to be used.

[0031] When the processor 18 of a phone in step 200 in fig. 12 detects a possible changed front cover - either by means of not shown microswitch mechanically activated when one of the resilient legs 24 of the terminal part 23 is depressed (or by a periodical check of changed peripherals) - it starts in step 201 to check whether a front cover has been mounted.

[0032] In step 201 the processor 18 checks whether a front cover has been mounted on the phone. Basically the check may be done by checking whether the one depressed resilient legs 24 of the terminal part 23 remains depressed when a predetermined period of time (e.g. 2 seconds) has expired. If no front cover is mounted the processor goes back to step 200 and waits for a new indication.

[0033] If the checking in step 201 was positive the processor sends a request in step 202 to the identification unit 20 of the front cover and asks the identification unit 20 to identify itself and thereby the front cover. In step 203 the processor checks whether a response has been received within a predetermined period of time. If not, the front cover is deemed not to be a genuine accessory and therefore the processor 18 in step 204 displays an error notice, “the front cover is not a genuine accessory”, in the display 3.

[0034] If a response is received in step 203, but the ID of the identification unit 20 does not fit with valid ID’s stored in a look-up table in the ROM memory 17b, the front cover is deemed not to be a genuine accessory and therefore the processor 18 displays the error notice in step 204 in the display 3. However if the processor 18 recognizes the ID of the identification unit 20 the front cover is deemed to be a genuine front cover then the processor 18 in step 206 controls the phone to act according to this. Then the processor goes back to step 200 and waits for a new indication.

[0035] The preferred embodiment is related to a cellular phone having an exchangeable front cover, but the invention generally relates to a method of controlling the operation of a handheld computing terminal. The terminal, e.g. a handheld phone, an organizer, a PDA has a releasable part, and when this part is connected to the handheld computing terminal, the terminal identifies the releasable part by means of a controller integrated in the handheld computing terminal. Then the controller controls the terminal in dependence of the operation of a data input means provided in said handheld computing terminal, and interprets data inputted via said data input means in dependence of the identified releasable part.

[0036] The invention has in the preferred embodiment been described together with an intelligent identification unit 20 being able to respond to a request - basically in a hand-shaking procedure, whereby it is partly verified that a front cover is placed on the phone and that this front cover is a genuine cover. The main idea is to select software in the terminal in dependence of the recognition of the releasable part of the phone.

[0037] If the security is not desired as an important feature, the identification unit 20 may be replaced by one or more pins cooperating with microswitches on the terminal in order to identify the replaceable part.
The invention is not limited to the above-described examples or to the drawings showing examples of an embodiment, but can be varied within the scope of the appended claims.

Claims

1. A main housing of a communications terminal (1), the housing including a processor (18), a display (3) and a plurality of switches for a keypad (2), the housing configured to be covered by a user-exchangeable cover (21) including a plurality of keys (40) for actuating said switches and means (20) for identifying the cover to the processor, the identifying means including a controller (31) and memory (33) operatively connected to the controller, the processor configured to communicate with the controller and to control operation of the display and to interpret actuation of said switches in dependence upon the identity of the cover.

2. A communications terminal (1) comprising:

   a main housing according to claim 1; and

   a user-exchangeable cover (21) for the main housing, the cover including a plurality of keys (40) for actuating said switches and means (20) for identifying the cover to the processor, the identifying means including a controller (31) and memory (33) operatively connected to the controller.

3. A communications terminal according to claim 2, wherein the processor (18) is configured to display functionality of at least one of the keys (40) in the display (3) in dependence upon the identity of the cover (21).

4. A communications terminal according to claim 2 or 3, wherein the identifying means (20) includes a first connector part (23) integrated in the user-exchangeable cover (21) for the terminal and said first connector part communicates with a second connector part (25) integrated in the main housing of the terminal.

5. A communications terminal according to claim 4, wherein the first connector part (23) has a mechanical interface and said second connector part (25) has means for sensing said mechanical interface.

6. A communications terminal according to claim 5, wherein the mechanical interface of the first connector part (23) is provided as at least one projection that in the assembled conditions is biased towards at least one corresponding microswitch of the second connector part (25).

7. A communications terminal according to any one of claims 2 to 6, comprising a locking mechanism for the user-exchangeable cover (21).

8. A communications terminal according to claim 7, wherein said locking mechanism comprises a locking mechanism used in a Nokia 3210™ phone.

9. A communications terminal according to claim 7, wherein said locking mechanism comprises a locking mechanism used in a Nokia 5110™ phone.

10. A communications terminal according to any one of claims 2 to 9 wherein the cover is a front cover.

11. A user-exchangeable cover (21) for a main housing of a communications terminal (1) which includes a processor (18), a display (3) and a plurality of switches for a keypad (2), the cover including a plurality of keys (40) for actuating said switches and means (20) for identifying the cover to the processor, the identifying means including a controller (31) and memory (33) operatively connected to the controller.

12. A user-exchangeable cover (21) according to claim 11, which is a front cover.

13. A method of operating a communications terminal (1) comprising a main housing including a processor (18), a display (3) and a plurality of switches for a keypad (2) and a user-exchangeable cover (21) for the main housing, the cover including a plurality of keys (40) for actuating said switches and means (20) for identifying the cover to the processor, the identifying means including a controller (31) and memory (33) operatively connected to the controller, the method comprising:
determining whether a user has changed the cover (21, 22);
determining whether a cover has been mounted;
identifying the cover;
communicating with the controller; and
controlling operation of the display and interpreting actuation of said switches in dependence upon the identity of the cover.

Patentansprüche

1. Hauptgehäuse eines Kommunikationsendgeräts (1), wobei das Gehäuse einen Prozessor (18), eine Anzeige (3) und mehrere Schalter für ein Tastenfeld (2) umfasst, wobei das Gehäuse eingerichtet ist, um durch eine, durch einen Benutzer auswechselbare Abdeckung (21) abgedeckt zu werden, die mehrere Tasten (40) zum Bedienen der Schalter und Mittel (20) umfasst, um die Abdeckung gegenüber dem Prozessor zu identifizieren, wobei das Mittel zum Identifizieren eine Steuereinheit (31) und einen mit der Steuereinheit betriebsfähig verbundenen Speicher (33) umfasst, wobei der Prozessor eingerichtet ist mit der Steuereinheit zu kommunizieren, und den Betrieb der Anzeige zu steuern und ein Betätigung der Schalter in Abhängigkeit der Identität der Abdeckung zu interpretieren.

2. Kommunikationsendgerät (1) umfassend:
   - ein Hauptgehäuse gemäß Anspruch 1; und
   - eine durch einen Benutzer auswechselbare Abdeckung (21) für das Hauptgehäuse, wobei die Abdeckung mehrere Tasten (40) zum Bedienen der Schalter und Mittel (20) umfasst, um die Abdeckung gegenüber dem Prozessor zu identifizieren, wobei das Mittel zum Identifizieren eine Steuereinheit (31) und einen betriebsfähig mit der Steuereinheit verbundenen Speicher (33) umfasst.

3. Kommunikationsendgerät gemäß Anspruch 2, wobei der Prozessor (18) eingerichtet ist, um die Funktionalität mindestens einer der Tasten (40) in Abhängigkeit von der Identität der Abdeckung (21) auf der Anzeige (3) anzuzeigen.

4. Kommunikationsendgerät gemäß Anspruch 2 oder 3, wobei das Identifizierungsmittel (20) ein erstes Verbinderteil (23) umfasst, das in der, durch einen Benutzer auswechselbaren Abdeckung (21) für das Endgerät integriert ist, und wobei das erste Verbinderteil (23) mit einem zweiten Verbinderteil (25) kommuniziert, der in dem Hauptgehäuse des Endgeräts integriert ist.

5. Kommunikationsendgerät gemäß Anspruch 4, wobei das erste Verbinderteil (23) eine mechanische Schnittstelle aufweist und das zweite Verbinderteil (25) Mittel zum erkennen der mechanischen Schnittstelle umfasst.


7. Kommunikationsendgerät gemäß einem der Ansprüche 2 bis 6, umfassend einen Verriegelungsmechanismus für die, durch einen Benutzer auswechselbare Abdeckung (21).


10. Kommunikationsendgerät gemäß einem der Ansprüche 2 bis 9, wobei die Abdeckung eine vordere Abdeckung ist.

11. Durch einen Benutzer auswechselbare Abdeckung (21) für ein Hauptgehäuse eines Kommunikationsendgeräts (1), das einen Prozessor (18), eine Anzeige (3) und mehrere Schalter für ein Tastenfeld (2) umfasst, wobei die Abdeckung mehrere Tasten (40), zum Bedienen der Schalter und Mittel (20) umfasst, um die Abdeckung gegenüber dem Prozessor zu identifizieren, wobei das Identifizierungsmittel eine Steuereinheit (31) und einen betriebsfähig mit der Steuereinheit verbundenen Speicher (33) umfasst.
12. Durch einen Benutzer auswechselbare Abdeckung (21) gemäß Anspruch 11, wobei die Abdeckung eine vordere Abdeckung ist.

13. Verfahren zum Bedienen eines Kommunikationsendgeräts (1), umfassend ein Hauptgehäuse, das einen Prozessor (18), eine Anzeige (3) und mehrere Schalter für ein Tastenfeld (2) umfasst, und eine, durch einen Benutzer auswechselbare Abdeckung (21) für das Hauptgehäuse, wobei die Abdeckung mehrere Tasten (40) zum Bedienen der Schalter und Mittel (20) umfasst, um die Abdeckung gegenüber dem Prozessor zu identifizieren, wobei das Identifizierungsmittel eine Steuereinheit (31) und einen, mit betriebsfähig der Steuereinheit verbundenen Speicher (33) umfasst, wobei das Verfahren umfasst:

- bestimmen, ob ein Benutzer die Abdeckung (21, 22) gewechselt hat;
- bestimmen, ob eine Abdeckung montiert wurde;
- identifizieren der Abdeckung;
- kommunizieren mit der Steuereinheit, und
- steuern des Betriebs der Anzeige und interpretieren einer Betätigung der Schalter in Abhängigkeit von der Identität der Abdeckung.

Revendications

1. Boîtier principal d’un terminal de communication (1), le boîtier comprenant un processeur (18), un affichage (3) et une pluralité de commutateurs pour un clavier (2), le boîtier étant configuré pour être couvert par un couvercle échangeable par l’utilisateur (21) comprenant une pluralité de touches (40) pour actionner lesdits commutateurs et des moyens (20) pour identifier le couvercle pour le processeur, les moyens d’identification comprenant un contrôleur (31) et une mémoire (33) connectée opérationnellement avec le contrôleur, le processeur étant configuré pour communiquer avec le contrôleur et pour commander le fonctionnement de l’affichage et pour interpréter l’actionnement desdits commutateurs en fonction de l’identité du couvercle.

2. Terminal de communication (1) comprenant :

- un boîtier principal selon la revendication 1 ; et
- un couvercle échangeable par l’utilisateur (21) pour le boîtier principal, le couvercle comprenant une pluralité de touches (40) pour actionner lesdits commutateurs et des moyens (20) pour identifier le couvercle pour le processeur, les moyens d’identification comprenant un contrôleur (31) et une mémoire (33) connectée opérationnellement avec le contrôleur.

3. Terminal de communication selon la revendication 2, dans lequel le processeur (18) est configuré pour afficher la fonctionnalité d’au moins une des touches (40) sur l’affichage (3) en fonction de l’identité du couvercle (21).

4. Terminal de communication selon la revendication 2 ou 3, dans lequel les moyens d’identification (20) comprennent une première partie de connecteur (23) intégrée dans le couvercle échangeable par l’utilisateur (21) pour le terminal et ladite première partie de connecteur communique avec une deuxième partie de connecteur (25) intégrée dans le boîtier principal du terminal.

5. Terminal de communication selon la revendication 4, dans lequel la première partie de connecteur (23) a une interface mécanique et la deuxième partie de connecteur (25) a des moyens pour détecter ladite interface mécanique.

6. Terminal de communication selon la revendication 5, dans lequel l’interface mécanique de la première partie de connecteur (23) est prédisposée comme au moins une saillie qui, dans les conditions assemblées, est sollicitée vers au moins un microcontact correspondant de la deuxième partie de connecteur (25).

7. Terminal de communication selon l’une quelconque des revendications 2 à 6, comprenant un mécanisme de verrouillage pour le couvercle échangeable par l’utilisateur (21).

8. Terminal de communication selon la revendication 7, dans lequel ledit mécanisme de verrouillage comprend un mécanisme de verrouillage utilisé dans un téléphone Nokia 3210™.

9. Terminal de communication selon la revendication 7, dans lequel ledit mécanisme de verrouillage comprend un
mécanisme de verrouillage utilisé dans un téléphone Nokia 5110™.

10. Terminal de communication selon l'une quelconque des revendications 2 à 9, dans lequel le couvercle est un couvercle frontal.

11. Couvercle échangeable par l'utilisateur (21) pour un boîtier principal d'un terminal de communication (1) comprenant un processeur (18), un affichage (3) et une pluralité de commutateurs pour un clavier (2), le couvercle comprenant une pluralité de touches (40) pour actionner lesdits commutateurs et des moyens (20) pour identifier le couvercle pour le processeur, les moyens d'identification comprenant un contrôleur (31) et une mémoire (33) connectée opérationnellement au contrôleur.

12. Couvercle échangeable par l'utilisateur (21) selon la revendication 11, qui est un couvercle frontal.

13. Procédé de fonctionnement d'un terminal de communication (1) comprenant un boîtier principal comprenant un processeur (18), un affichage (3) et une pluralité de commutateurs pour un clavier (2) et un couvercle échangeable par l'utilisateur (21) pour le boîtier principal, le couvercle comprenant une pluralité de touches (40) pour actionner lesdits commutateurs et des moyens (20) pour identifier le couvercle pour le processeur, les moyens d'identification comprenant un contrôleur (31) et une mémoire (33) connectée opérationnellement avec le contrôleur, le procédé comprenant:

- la détermination du fait qu'un utilisateur a changé le couvercle (21, 22) ;
- la détermination du fait qu'un couvercle a été monté ;
- l'identification du couvercle ;
- la communication avec le contrôleur ; et
- le contrôle du fonctionnement de l'affichage et l'interprétation de l'actionnement desdits commutateurs en fonction de l'identité du couvercle.
OPERATING SYSTEM 80

APPLICATION 81

UI
81.1

VAS
81.2

VOICE RECORDER
81.n

COMMUNICATIONS MANAGER 82

SERVER 83

UI STYLE
No.1
83.1

UI STYLE
No.k
83.k

ID CONTROL
83.(k+1)

NETWORK CONTROL
83.m

SUBSYSTEMS 84

GSM SW
84.1

SIM
84.2

ENERGY MANAGEMENT
84.p

HW DRIVERS 85

HW RESOURCES 86

SIM
86.1

AUDIO
86.q

ID UNIT
20

DISPLAY
3

KEYBOARD
2

FIG. 9
START 200

HAS A FRONT COVER BEEN MOUNTED?
201

YES
SEND A REQUEST TO THE IDENTIFICATION UNIT OF THE FRONT COVER 202

NO
DISPLAY "THE FRONT COVER IS NOT A GENUINE ACCESSORY" 204

HAS A RESPONSE BEEN RECEIVED?
203

NO

YES

IS THE ID RESPONSE VALID?
205

NO

YES
CONTROLS THE OPERATION OF THE PHONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE IDENTIFIED FRONT COVER 206

FIG. 12
REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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