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(54) Clamp for connecting the poles of a battery
Klemme für Batteriepole-Verbindung
Connecteur pour connecter les pôles d'une batterie

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Description

[0001] The present invention relates to a clamp construction for connecting the poles or posts of a battery.

[0002] As known, the clamps for connecting the poles of batteries, in particular in motor vehicles, are conventionally made of lead.

[0003] These lead clamps have, of course, electrical and mechanical characteristics suitable for the intended application, but since they are made of a lead material, they can pollute the encompassing environment.

[0004] DE-U-29 506 699 discloses a clamp made of a single piece cold pressed brass where the auxiliary cables are connected together with the main cable.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0005] Accordingly, the aim of the present invention is to provide such a clamp construction, which has suitable electrical and mechanical characteristics, while having a very small environmental impact.

[0006] Within the above mentioned aim, a main object of the present invention is to provide such a clamp construction which is very flexible in application, i.e. which can be indifferently used either for the negative pole or for the positive pole of the battery.

[0007] Another object of the present invention is to provide such a clamp construction which can be assembled in two directions and which allows electric cables to easily pass over the upper portion of the battery.

[0008] According to one aspect of the present invention, the above mentioned aim and objects, as well as yet other objects, which will become more apparent hereinafter, are achieved by a clamp construction for connecting the poles of a battery, characterized in that said clamp construction is made of a cold-pressed brass material.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0009] Further characteristics and advantages of the invention will become more apparent hereinafter from the following detailed disclosure of a preferred embodiment of a clamp construction according to the present invention which is illustrated, by way of an indicative, but not limitative, example, in the figures of the accompanying drawings, where:

Figure 1 is a top plan view of the clamp construction according to the present invention;
Figure 2 is a front elevation view of the clamp shown in figure 1;
Figure 3 is a further side elevation view of that same clamp;
Figure 4 is a top plan view of the clamp, as applied to the pole or post of a battery;
Figure 5 is a side elevation view of the clamp shown in figure 4; and

Figure 6 is a side elevation view of clamp which has been so contoured as to be applied to a battery by causing the electric cables to pass on the top portion of the battery.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

[0010] With reference to the number references of the above mentioned figures, the clamp construction according to the present invention, which has been generally indicated by the reference number 1, is made by shearing and cold pressing a tinned galvanized brass plate, for example made of a brass of the type OT67, OT70 according to the Table UNI 4894.

[0011] The tin coating of the plate has preferably a thickness of 7 microns.

[0012] The clamp construction, as shown, comprises a clamping portion 2, for receiving electric cables 4 therein, of different cross-sections, typically from 10 to 35 mm², and having two holes 3 or threaded seats for receiving up to four cables each, for supplying auxiliary services.

[0013] The mentioned auxiliary cables 5 have gener- ally a cross-section less than or equal to 10 mm².

[0014] In this connection it should be pointed out that the clamping of the electric cable in the clamping portion 21 is advantageously performed only on the inner copper material, without the need of providing on the clamp additional fins which would be necessary for also clamping the insulating material.

[0015] This will allow to greatly reduce the making cost of the clamp, as well as the weight and size thereof, so as to allow the clamp to be assembled in the two directions on the novel batteries standardized according to the DIN Standards.

[0016] Moreover, the clamping portion 2 can be suitably contoured, as illustrated for example in figure 6, so as to allow the electric cables 4 to pass through the top portion of the battery 6, if this is required.

[0017] The clamp 1 can be moreover used either as a clamp for the positive pole or post of the battery, or as a clamp for the negative pole of said battery, by simply changing the affixing hole on the battery pole, whereas, by reversing the clamping bolt 7, the clamp can be used either as a right or as a left clamp.

[0018] Thus, from the above discussion it should be apparent that the invention fully achieves the intended aim and objects, since a clamp has been provided which has the desired functional characteristics, while having a less environmental impact owing to the use of the tinned brass material instead of the conventional lead material.

[0019] A further advantage of the invention is that of the great reduction of the weight of the clamp, from 25% to 35% with respect to a conventional clamp made of a diecast lead alloy.

[0020] In practicing the invention, the used materials, as well as the size can be any depending on require-
ments.

Claims

1. A single piece clamp (1) for connecting the poles of a battery, said clamp having a clamp body including a central hole for engaging therein a battery pole, said clamping body being made of a cold-pressed tinned and/or tinned-galvanized brass material by a shearing and cold bending operation, said clamp body comprising a clamping portion (2) provided substantially at one end of the longitudinal extension of said clamp body, said clamping portion being designed for receiving electric cables (4) of different cross sections from substantially 10 to 35 mm², and is designed for clamping said electric cables (4) only on the copper material thereof, characterized in that said brass material is of the type OT67 or OT70 according to the Table UNI 4894, in that said clamp body comprises, moreover, transversely to said longitudinal extension thereof and on the cross axis of said central hole thereof, two side holes (3) for receiving up to four cables each for power supplying auxiliary services.

2. A Clamp according to claim 1, wherein the portion of the clamp comprised between the clamping portion (2) and the central hole area is inclined with respect to the plane portion containing the side holes (3) and the central hole, as to allow said electric cables (4) to pass over the top portion of the battery (6).

Patentansprüche

1. Eine Anschlußklemme (1) aus einem Stück, um Batteriepole anzuschließen, wobei diese Klemme einen Klemmkörper besitzt, der eine mittlere Öffnung umfaßt, um dort einen Batteriepol einzuführen, wobei dieser Klemmkörper aus einem kaltgepreßten, verzinkten und/oder verzinkten und verzinnten Messingmaterial mittels Scherschneiden und Kaltbiegeverfahren gefertigt wird, wobei dieser Klemmkörper einen Klemmbereich (2) umfaßt, der im wesentlichen an einem Ende der längsseitigen Ausdehnung dieses Klemmkkörpers bereitgestellt ist, wobei dieser Klemmbereich für die Aufnahme elektrischer Kabel (4) unterschiedlichen Querschnitts im wesentlichen von 10 bis 35 mm² und dargestellt entworfen ist, daß er diese elektrischen Kabel (4) nur auf deren Kupfermaterial abklemmt, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß dieses Messingmaterial aus dem Typ OT67 oder OT70 nach der Ta-
belle UNI 4894 gefertigt ist, und daß dieser Klemmkkörper zudem quer zu seiner längsseitigen Ausdehnung und auf der Querachse seiner mittleren Öffnung zwei seitliche Öffnungen (3) umfaßt, um bis zu vier Kabel für die Speisung jeweiliger Zusatzeinrichtungen aufzunehmen.

2. Eine Klemme nach Anspruch 1, worin der Bereich der Klemme zwischen dem Klemmbereich (2) und dem mittleren Öffnungsbereich bezüglich der Ebenen, die die seitlichen Öffnungen (3) und die mittlere Öffnung enthält, geneigt ist, so daß diese elektrischen Kabel (4) über dem oberen Bereich der Batterie (6) verlaufen können.

Revendications

1. Connecteur en pièce unique (1) pour connecter les pôles d’une batterie ou pôle, ledit connecteur présentant un corps de connecteur comprenant une cavité centrale pour engager à l’intérieur un plot ou pôle de batterie, ledit corps de connecteur étant fabriqué en un matériau en laiton recouvert d’étain galvanisé et/ou étamé pressé ou laminé à froid (« cold pressed brass »), par une opération de laminage ou cisaillement et de courbure ou formage à froid.

2. Ledit corps de connecteur comprenant une portion de connexion (2) prévue sensiblement à une extrémité d’une extension longitudinale dudit corps de connecteur, ladite portion de connexion étant conçue pour recevoir des câbles électriques (4) de différentes sections transversales sensiblement comprises entre 10 et 35 mm², et est conçue pour connecter lesdits câbles électriques (4) uniquement au niveau de leur matériau en cuivre, caractérisé en ce que ledit matériau en laiton est du type OT67 ou OT70 selon le Tableau UNI 4894, et en ce que ledit corps de connecteur comprend, de plus, transversalement par rapport à sa dite extension longitudinale et sur l’axe transversal de ladite cavité centrale, deux cavités latérales (3) pour recevoir jusqu’à quatre câbles chacune pour des services ou unités auxiliaires d’approvisionnement en énergie.

2. Connecteur selon la revendication 1, dans lequel la portion du connecteur comprise entre la portion de connexion (2) et la zone de cavité centrale est inclinée par rapport à la portion plane contenant les cavités latérales (3) et la cavité centrale, de façon à permettre auxdits câbles électriques (4) de passer au-dessus de la partie supérieure de la batterie (6).